AMENDMENT NO	Calendar No
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Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-118th Cong., 2d Sess.

# S. 2991

To improve revegetation and carbon sequestration activities in the United States, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_\_ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by \_\_\_\_\_

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-

2 lowing:

# **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

5 "America's Revegetation and Carbon Sequestration Act of

**6** 2024".

7 (b) TITLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Definitions.

## TITLE I—REVEGETATION

- Sec. 101. Climate adaptation and resilient forests and rangeland measures.
- Sec. 102. National revegetation effort.
- Sec. 103. Experimental forests and ranges.
- Sec. 104. Long-term contracts for tree and seed planting.

Sec. 105. Revegetation workforce.

Sec. 106. Revegetation on abandoned mine land.

#### TITLE II—CARBON SEQUESTRATION THROUGH FOREST MANAGEMENT AND INNOVATION

- Sec. 201. Forest management from carbon credits.
- Sec. 202. Recovery and restoration treatments following stand-replacing disturbances.
- Sec. 203. Eradication of invasive grasses.

#### TITLE III—RESEARCH

- Sec. 301. Longevity of forest products.
- Sec. 302. Forest inventory and analysis.
- Sec. 303. Bioeconomy research and technology transfer.
- Sec. 304. Forest health threat centers.
- Sec. 305. Joint mass timber science and education program.

#### TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 401. Designation of Patsye Crites Forest.

#### 1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) CARBON SEQUESTRATION.—The term "car-
4	bon sequestration" means the capture and long-term
5	storage of atmospheric carbon dioxide.
6	(2) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land"
7	means—
8	(A) National Forest System land; and
9	(B) land under the jurisdiction of the Sec-
10	retary.
11	(3) NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "National
13	Forest System" has the meaning given the term
14	in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland
15	Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
16	U.S.C. 1609(a)).

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1	(B) EXCLUSION.—The term "National
2	Forest System" does not include any forest re-
3	serve not created from the public domain.
4	(4) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
5	means the Secretary of the Interior and the Sec-
6	retary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of
7	the Forest Service.
8	(5) Secretary.—Except as provided in sec-
9	tions 103, 201, 202, 303, and 305, the term "Sec-
10	retary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
11	(6) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
12	retary concerned" means the Secretary of the Inte-
13	rior or the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through
14	the Chief of the Forest Service.
15	TITLE I—REVEGETATION
16	SEC. 101. CLIMATE ADAPTATION AND RESILIENT FORESTS
17	AND RANGELAND MEASURES.
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the
19	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall each
20	
	revise applicable regulations of the Secretary concerned to
21	revise applicable regulations of the Secretary concerned to require the consideration and assessment of resiliency and
21 22	
	require the consideration and assessment of resiliency and
22	require the consideration and assessment of resiliency and adaptation factors in developing strategies and efforts for
22 23	require the consideration and assessment of resiliency and adaptation factors in developing strategies and efforts for revegetation, including reforestation and rangeland plant-

1 (b) EFFECT.—Nothing in this section affects— 2 (1) the reforestation requirements under section 3 3 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601); or 4 5 (2) the use of the forest plan revision process 6 to make changes to reforestation approaches in an 7 individual unit of the National Forest System. 8 SEC. 102. NATIONAL REVEGETATION EFFORT. 9 (a) Reforestation Reports Submitted to Addi-10 TIONAL COMMITTEES.—Section 70303 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 1601 note; Pub-11 12 lic Law 117–58) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Senate" and inserting "Sen-13 ate, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of 14 15 the Senate, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives,". 16 17 (b) REFORESTATION REPORT FROM THE DEPART-18 MENT OF THE INTERIOR.— 19 (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection: 20 (A) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COM-21 MITTEES.—The term "appropriate congres-22 sional committees" means-23 (i) the Committee on Appropriations 24 of the Senate;

1	(ii) the Committee on Appropriations
2	of the House of Representatives;
3	(iii) the Committee on Energy and
4	Natural Resources of the Senate;
5	(iv) the Committee on Natural Re-
6	sources of the House of Representatives;
7	(v) the Committee on Agriculture,
8	Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate; and
9	(vi) the Committee on Agriculture of
10	the House of Representatives.
11	(B) FRRRPA TERMS.—The terms "nat-
12	ural regeneration", "reforestation", and "un-
13	planned event" have the meanings given those
14	terms in section $3(e)(4)(A)$ of the Forest and
15	Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
16	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601(e)(4)(A)).
17	(C) PRIORITY LAND.—The term "priority
18	land" means historically forested land under
19	the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned that,
20	due to an unplanned event—
21	(i) requires reforestation to meet the
22	objectives described in an applicable land
23	use plan; and
24	(ii) is unlikely to experience natural
25	regeneration.

1	(2) Reforestation report.—Not later than
2	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appro-
4	priate congressional committees a report containing
5	estimates of—
6	(A) the number of acres of priority land;
7	and
8	(B) the amounts necessary to be appro-
9	priated, in addition to amounts available from
10	other sources, to implement reforestation
11	projects on all priority land not later than 10
12	years after the date of submission of the report,
13	including amounts necessary—
14	(i) to secure seed;
15	(ii) to grow seedlings;
16	(iii) to prepare sites for reforestation;
17	(iv) to plant trees;
18	(v) to conduct thinning;
19	(vi) to remove deleterious growth and
20	underbrush;
21	(vii) to build fencing to exclude live-
22	stock and adverse wildlife from reforest-
23	ation areas; and
24	(viii) to otherwise establish and im-
25	prove growing forests.

1	(3) ANNUAL UPDATES.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of submission of the report under
3	paragraph (2), and annually thereafter for the sub-
4	sequent 8 years, the Secretary shall prepare for in-
5	clusion in the budget of the United States Govern-
6	ment required to be submitted by the President
7	under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code,
8	an update to the report required under paragraph
9	(2).
10	(c) Supporting the Reforestation Pipeline in
11	THE UNITED STATES.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries shall joint-
13	ly—
14	(A) not later than 90 days after the date
15	on which the report is submitted under sub-
16	section (b)(2), conduct—
17	(i) an inventory of orchards and nurs-
18	eries capable of supporting reforestation
19	(as defined in section $3(e)(4)(A)$ of the
20	Forest and Rangeland Renewable Re-
21	sources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
22	1601(e)(4)(A))) on priority land (as de-
23	fined in subsection $(b)(1)$ ;

1	(ii) an assessment of the capacity of
2	the orchards and nurseries listed in the in-
3	ventory under clause (i); and
4	(iii) a comparison of available planting
5	stock in each region in which orchards and
6	nurseries listed in the inventory under
7	clause (i) are located, as determined by the
8	Secretaries; and
9	(B) based on the estimates contained in
10	the report submitted under subsection $(b)(2)$
11	and the estimates submitted under section
12	3(e)(2) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable
13	Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
14	1601(e)(2))—
15	(i) prepare an estimate of the capacity
16	of orchards and nurseries that would be
17	necessary to implement reforestation
18	projects on all priority land (as defined in
19	section $(b)(1)$ within 10 years, including
20	identifying the species and types of plant-
21	ing stock needed for that reforestation;
22	and
23	(ii) develop a plan for increasing the
24	capacity of orchards and nurseries such

1	that the necessary capacity described in
2	clause (i) is achieved.
3	(2) SEED COLLECTING.—The Secretaries shall
4	each—
5	(A) assess whether the current workforce
6	capacity and infrastructure capacity to locally
7	collect, process, and store seed is sufficient to
8	implement reforestation projects on all priority
9	land within 10 years;
10	(B) if the Secretary concerned determines
11	that workforce capacity or infrastructure capac-
12	ity is insufficient under subparagraph (A), de-
13	velop and carry out a plan for increasing work-
14	force capacity, infrastructure capacity, or both,
15	as applicable; and
16	(C) in developing and carrying out the
17	plan under subparagraph (B), coordinate with
18	any Job Corps program established under sec-
19	tion 105(a) regarding the development and hir-
20	ing of the workforce for orchards and nurseries.
21	(3) Availability of plant material.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out a re-
23	vegetation project on Federal land, the Sec-
24	retary concerned may submit to the other Sec-
25	retary concerned a request for plant material

1	purchased, owned, grown, or managed by the
2	other Secretary concerned.
3	(B) PROVISION.—The Secretary concerned
4	to which a request is submitted under subpara-
5	graph (A) shall provide the requested plant ma-
6	terial, to the extent practicable.
7	(C) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Secretary
8	concerned that submits a request under sub-
9	paragraph (A) shall reimburse the other Sec-
10	retary concerned for any plant material pro-
11	vided under the request.
12	(d) PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary concerned may
13	enter into an agreement with a non-Federal entity to carry
14	out any activity described in subsection (b) or (c).
15	(e) Reforestation Trust Fund.—Section 303 of
16	Public Law 96–451 (16 U.S.C. 1606a) is amended—
17	(1) in subsection (c), by striking "(c)(1) It shall
18	be" and all that follows through the period at the
19	end of paragraph $(1)$ and inserting the following:
20	"(c) Annual Reports; Investments.—
21	"(1) ANNUAL REPORTS.—The Secretary of Ag-
22	riculture, in coordination with the Secretary of the
23	Treasury, shall submit to Congress an annual report
24	that contains a description of—

	11
1	"(A) the deposits in, expenditures from,
2	and balance of the Trust Fund;
3	"(B) the projects funded by the Trust
4	Fund; and
5	"(C) projected deposits in, and any pro-
6	jected expenditures from, the Trust fund for
7	the next fiscal year.";
8	(2) by conforming the margins of subsection
9	(c)(2), and the margins of the subparagraphs within
10	that paragraph, accordingly; and
11	(3) by striking subsection (d) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(d) Obligation of Funds.—The Secretary of Ag-
14	riculture (referred to in this subsection as the 'Secretary')
15	may obligate such sums as are available in the Trust
16	Fund, including any amounts not obligated in previous fis-
17	cal years, for—
18	"(1) reforestation on National Forest System
19	land in accordance with section 3(e) of the Forest
20	and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
21	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601(e));
22	((2)) site preparation as needed to accomplish
23	reforestation described in paragraph (1);
24	"(3) seed collection, preparation, and storage
25	necessary to support appropriate seed availability;

	12
1	"(4) nursery construction or activities necessary
2	to support appropriate seedling availability; and
3	"(5) properly allocable administrative costs for
4	the activities described in paragraphs (1) through
5	(4).".
6	(f) Avoidance of Duplication.—In carrying out
7	this section and the amendments made by this section, the
8	Secretaries shall—
9	(1) avoid duplicative efforts and, to the max-
10	imum extent practicable, utilize existing efforts and
11	personnel to develop and implement an activity re-
12	quired under this section or an amendment made by
13	this section; and
14	(2) avoid using personnel who would otherwise
15	be engaged in forest management or wildfire mitiga-
16	tion efforts.
17	(g) Effect.—Nothing in this section or an amend-
18	ment made by this section establishes new, extends exist-
19	ing, or otherwise affects any requirement under Federal
20	law prohibiting or restricting grazing during post-wildfire
21	rehabilitation.
22	SEC. 103. EXPERIMENTAL FORESTS AND RANGES.
23	(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are—
24	(1) to formally authorize the experimental for-
25	ests and ranges of the Secretary of Agriculture (re-

1	ferred to in this section as the "Secretary") existing
2	on the date of enactment of this Act; and
3	(2) to require the Secretary—
4	(A) to establish and manage a network of
5	experimental forests and ranges over timescales
6	that support long-term research; and
7	(B) to continuously conduct within the net-
8	work described in subparagraph (A) long-term
9	research on changes in forest and range sys-
10	tems, including on the impacts of management,
11	climate change, and other stressors.
12	(b) Establishment of Network.—The Secretary
13	shall establish and manage a network of experimental for-
14	ests and ranges (referred to in this section as the "net-
15	work'') on—
16	(1) as practicable, National Forest System
17	land;
18	(2) other Federal land; or
19	(3) other land that may be managed by the
20	Secretary under a long-term agreement.
21	(c) MANAGEMENT PURPOSES.—The Secretary shall
22	manage the network for the purposes of—
23	(1) research;
24	(2) technology transfer; and
25	(3) education.

	11
1	(d) CRITERIA.—The network shall include—
2	(1) each of the forest cover types that occur in
3	the United States, as defined under the forest inven-
4	tory and analysis program established under section
5	3(e) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Re-
6	sources Research Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. $1642(e)$ );
7	(2) an experimental forest that contains forest
8	cover types found in the State of Hawaii;
9	(3) an experimental forest that contains forest
10	cover types found in the territories of the United
11	States; and
12	(4) experimental ranges that represent range-
13	land vegetation types in the United States.
14	(e) CLIMATE RESILIENCY RESEARCH.—Within the
15	network, the Secretary shall conduct research, including
16	research on—
17	(1) seedling establishment, site suitability, and
18	revegetation schedules and designs to inform and as-
19	sist efforts undertaken in the United States to es-
20	tablish forests and ranges that are resilient in future
21	climate conditions;
22	(2) the sources, sinks, and transport mecha-
23	nisms of carbon to construct and improve models of
24	carbon responses to land management practices and
25	under changing climate conditions;

(3) vegetation changes and ecosystem conver sion; and

3 (4) hydrologic changes associated with vegeta-4 tion or climatic changes.

5 (f) TRADITIONAL ECOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE.—To 6 the extent practicable and consistent with other Federal 7 laws (including regulations), the Secretary shall integrate 8 indigenous perspectives and traditional ecological knowl-9 edge in the development and research plans for forests and 10 ranges within the network.

(g) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Consistent with other laws (including regulations), the Secretary shall make readily accessible to the public any collected data and research findings from projects within the network.

(h) PARTNERS.—The Secretary may enter into an
agreement with a State (including a State forestry agency), an Indian Tribe, a Tribal organization, an educational
institution, or a third party to fund or conduct research
on the network.

(i) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of
the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of
the House of Representatives a report describing, with respect to the network—

1	(1) the location of forests and ranges;
2	(2) the forest cover types included in the net-
3	work and any forest cover types not included in the
4	network; and
5	(3) any additional resources needed—
6	(A) to establish or maintain infrastructure
7	in an established experimental forest or range;
8	(B) to expand the network to additional
9	forest cover types not included in the network;
10	or
11	(C) to conduct the research described in
12	subsection (e).
13	(j) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section—
14	(1) modifies, limits, or repeals the applicability
15	of any other provision of law (including regulations)
16	to National Forest System land; or
17	(2) precludes the Secretary from authorizing
18	multiple-use activities, including livestock grazing
19	and other authorized uses on land included within
20	the network.
21	(k) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
22	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such
23	sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

# 1SEC. 104. LONG-TERM CONTRACTS FOR TREE AND SEED2PLANTING.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned may
4 enter into a contract or cooperative agreement for re-es5 tablishing vegetation on Federal land under the jurisdic6 tion of the Secretary concerned.

7 (b) TERM.—Notwithstanding the time limit for 8 multiyear contracts in section 3903 of title 41, United 9 States Code, a contract or cooperative agreement de-10 scribed in subsection (a) may be for a term of not more 11 than 10 years.

## 12 SEC. 105. REVEGETATION WORKFORCE.

(a) JOB CORPS PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Labor,
in coordination with the Secretaries, shall—

(1) develop a career and technical education
and training program focused on tree planting and
revegetation, tree maintenance, nursery management, or seed collection; and

(2) offer the program as part of the Job Corpsprogram.

21 (b) DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned
may appoint, without regard to subchapter I of
chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, other than
sections 3303 and 3328 of that title, a graduate of
the program developed and offered under subsection

1	(a) directly to a position within, as applicable, the
2	Department of Agriculture or the Department of the
3	Interior—
4	(A) for which the candidate meets Office of
5	Personnel Management qualification standards;
6	and
7	(B) of which the primary duties relate di-
8	rectly to the training the graduate received
9	under the program developed and offered under
10	subsection (a).
11	(2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary concerned
12	may exercise the direct hire authority under para-
13	graph (1) with respect to a specific qualified can-
14	didate not later than 1 year after the date on which
15	the candidate completed the program developed and
16	offered under subsection (a).
17	SEC. 106. REVEGETATION ON ABANDONED MINE LAND.
18	(a) Pilot Program.—
19	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Using funding available
20	to the Secretary, including funding provided under
21	section $40804(b)(8)$ of the Infrastructure Investment
22	and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. $6592a(b)(8)$ ), the Sec-
23	retary shall establish a pilot program to establish
24	native trees, shrubs, or grasses (referred to in this

1	section as "vegetation") on eligible mined land de-
2	scribed in paragraph (6).
3	(2) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—In carrying out
4	the pilot program established under paragraph $(1)$ ,
5	the Secretary shall—
6	(A) in coordination with the Secretary of
7	Agriculture, establish vegetation on eligible
8	mined land located on Federal land;
9	(B) offer financial assistance to States to
10	establish native vegetation on eligible mined
11	land located on State land;
12	(C) offer financial assistance to Indian
13	Tribes to establish native vegetation on eligible
14	mined land located on Tribal land or land held
15	in Trust for an Indian Tribe; and
16	(D) establish vegetation or offer financial
17	assistance to States or other entities to estab-
18	lish native vegetation on eligible mined land lo-
19	cated on private land.
20	(3) Compatibility with existing oper-
21	ATIONS.—
22	(A) CONSULTATION.—Prior to selecting a
23	project for funding under the pilot program es-
24	tablished under paragraph (1), the Secretary
25	shall consult with, as applicable, the relevant

1	Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and En-
2	forcement abandoned mine land program office
3	to confirm that the proposed project is compat-
4	ible with any current mining, exploration, or
5	reclamation activities.
6	(B) RESTRICTION.—The Secretary shall
7	not provide financial assistance under para-
8	graph (2) to a person or entity with an ongoing
9	legal obligation to revegetate the land in a
10	project area.
11	(4) ACTIVITIES.—The following activities asso-
12	ciated with a project to establish vegetation on eligi-
13	ble mined land shall be eligible for financial assist-
14	ance under paragraph (2):
15	(A) Site preparation, including ripping
16	compacted soils and incorporating soil amend-
17	ments.
18	(B) Vegetation planting.
19	(C) Maintenance, including watering, to
20	the extent necessary to establish vegetation
21	under this section.
22	(D) Managing competing vegetation.
23	(5) PREFERENCE.—Under the pilot program
24	established under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall,

1	to the maximum extent practicable, seek to establish
2	vegetation that—
3	(A) is ecologically appropriate; and
4	(B)(i) has a high capacity to sequester and
5	store carbon;
6	(ii) serves to reconnect established land-
7	scapes or enhance habitat connectivity; or
8	(iii) would establish wildlife habitat that is
9	underrepresented in the State in which the
10	project is located.
11	(6) ELIGIBLE MINED LAND.—To be eligible for
12	financial assistance under paragraph (2), a tree
13	planting project shall be located on—
14	(A) land that was mined prior to the date
15	of enactment of this Act;
16	(B) in the case of State land or private
17	land, land that is accessible to the public for
18	not less than 1 day per year; and
19	(C) in the case of private land, land owned
20	by a person, or a nongovernmental organiza-
21	tion, that has submitted to the Secretary a re-
22	quest seeking to participate in the pilot pro-
23	gram under this section.
24	(7) TERMINATION.—The pilot program estab-
25	lished under paragraph (1) shall be in effect for the

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1	8-year period beginning on the date of enactment of
2	this Act.
3	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 5 years after the date
4	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
5	the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
6	Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the
7	House of Representatives a report describing the accom-
8	plishments of the pilot program established under sub-
9	section $(a)(1)$ , including—
10	(1) jobs created or supported in rural areas;
11	(2) increases in the abundance of wildlife spe-
12	cies, including game species and song birds;
13	(3) opportunities for hunting and other compat-
14	ible outdoor recreation; and
15	(4) an estimate of—
16	(A) carbon sequestered during the 5-year
17	period beginning on the date on which the pilot
18	program is established; and
19	(B) projected additional carbon sequestra-
20	tion and storage during the 15-year period be-
21	ginning on the last day of the period described

22 in subparagraph (A).

# TITLE II—CARBON SEQUESTRA TION THROUGH FOREST MAN AGEMENT AND INNOVATION

4 SEC. 201. FOREST MANAGEMENT FROM CARBON CREDITS.

5 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

6 (1) BUFFER POOL.—The term "buffer pool" 7 means additional sequestered carbon or greenhouse 8 gas held in reserve beyond the carbon or greenhouse 9 gas represented by a carbon credit to serve as an 10 offset in the event of nonpermanence or carbon se-11 questration reversal for a carbon credit.

12 (2) CARBON CREDIT.—The term "carbon cred13 it" means a credit, offset, or other defined unit of
14 carbon or a greenhouse gas that—

15 (A) represents additional carbon or green16 house gas sequestered or carbon or greenhouse
17 gas emissions mitigated, compared to such se18 questration or mitigation without the financial
19 support embodied in the credit, offset, or other
20 defined unit;

21 (B) is approved by a credible, third-party22 entity;

23 (C) is generated from the implementation24 or funding of a covered activity; and

1	(D) is identifiable, measurable, and trace-
2	able.
3	(3) CARBON CREDIT PROGRAM.—The term
4	"carbon credit program" means a voluntary program
5	or market that issues, assigns, trades, or sells car-
6	bon credits.
7	(4) COVERED ACTIVITY.—The term "covered
8	activity" means a forest revegetation activity that—
9	(A) is ecologically appropriate;
10	(B) is carried out on National Forest Sys-
11	tem land;
12	(C) is designed, in accordance with the
13	best available science—
14	(i) to increase rates of carbon or
15	greenhouse gas sequestration;
16	(ii) to increase the quantity of seques-
17	tered carbon or greenhouse gas; or
18	(iii) to mitigate or avoid carbon or
19	greenhouse gas emissions;
20	(D) to the extent practicable, is accom-
21	plished using plants native to the landscape or
22	to adjacent landscapes;
23	(E) to the maximum extent practicable, re-
24	vegetates the area in a manner and at a sched-

	20
1	ule that minimizes the threat of stand-replacing
2	wildfire; and
3	(F) is carried out by—
4	(i) the Secretary; or
5	(ii) a non-Federal entity authorized by
6	the Secretary under any other provision of
7	law.
8	(5) INTRAGOVERNMENTAL REVOLVING FUND.—
9	The term "intragovernmental revolving fund" means
10	a Federal account that receives a portion of funds
11	received through a carbon credit program for use for
12	covered activities in the event of nonpermanence or
13	carbon sequestration reversal for a carbon credit.
14	(6) RESILIENCE.—The term "resilience" means
15	the ability of an area of the National Forest System
16	to retain its inherent ecological structure, composi-
17	tion, and functional integrity in response to histor-
18	ical and anticipated stresses for the forest type of
19	the area, at any level from the ecosystem to the
20	landscape scale, over the age span of the dominant
21	trees of the area.
22	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the
24	Chief of the Forest Service.

1 (b) FUNDS ASSOCIATED WITH CARBON CREDITS 2 FOR FOREST MANAGEMENT.— 3 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may expend 4 funds received from a non-Federal entity from a car-5 bon credit program for a carbon credit, without fur-6 ther appropriation or fiscal year limitation, to sup-7 port the implementation of covered activities. 8 (2) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—Amounts 9 made available to the Secretary under paragraph (1) 10 shall supplement, and not supplant, any other 11 amounts made available for covered activities. 12 (3) EXCLUSIVE USE.—Amounts made available 13 to the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall only be 14 used for-15 (A) the implementation of covered activi-16 ties; and 17 (B) any properly allocable administrative 18 costs.

19 (c) MANAGEMENT OF CARBON CREDIT TRANS-20 ACTIONS BY NATIONAL FOREST FOUNDATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Forest Foundation shall receive and distribute any funds received
under subsection (b)(1).

24 (2) OTHER PARTNERS.—The National Forest25 Foundation and the Secretary may work with other

1	entities that use funds received through a carbon
2	credit program or for a carbon credit to design,
2	manage, account for, implement, or monitor a cov-
4	ered activity.
5	(3) Methodology.—For the management of
6	transactions described in this section, the National
7	Forest Foundation and the Secretary shall jointly
8	develop and use a methodology that calculates the
9	value of a carbon credit, based on—
10	(A) the reestablishment or retention of for-
11	est cover;
12	(B) carbon sequestration rates before and
13	after the implementation of the covered activity;
14	and
15	(C) such other considerations as are nec-
16	essary to accurately calculate the value of the
17	carbon credit.
18	(4) LIMITATIONS.—A carbon credit—
19	(A) shall not be construed to constrain,
20	limit, or otherwise affect the authority of the
21	Secretary to carry out activities within the Na-
22	tional Forest System; and
23	(B) shall be limited in value to the amount
24	necessary to represent the carbon or greenhouse
25	gas sequestered by vegetation with a stand den-

1	sity index of not greater than the stand density
2	index necessary for resilience of the forest cover
3	type in the area where the carbon credit is gen-
4	erated.
5	(d) RISK MITIGATION TOOLS.—The Secretary may—
6	(1) establish a buffer pool, an
7	intragovernmental revolving fund, or another similar
8	risk mitigation tool for a project to carry out a cov-
9	ered activity under this section;
10	(2) transfer amounts into and out of the buffer
11	pool, intragovernmental revolving fund, or other tool
12	established under paragraph (1); and
13	(3) develop a protocol, after providing notice
14	and an opportunity for public comment, for the
15	management of the buffer pool, intragovernmental
16	revolving fund, or other tool established under para-
17	graph (1).
18	(e) Reports to Congress.—The Secretary, in col-
19	laboration with the National Forest Foundation, shall an-
20	nually submit to Congress a report describing the status
21	of the program under this section, including—
22	(1) the extent to which covered activities that
23	were implemented as a direct result of funding re-
24	ceived under subsection $(b)(1)$ have been carried out;
25	and

(2) any recommendations to improve or expand
 the program, including expansion of the authorities
 under this section to land managed by the Secretary
 of the Interior.

(f) TRANSPARENCY.—The Secretary, in collaboration
with the National Forest Foundation, shall make publicly
available on a website of the Forest Service the data relating to all carbon credits issued, traded, sold, or retired
under this section.

(g) EFFECT.—Nothing in this section authorizes any
activity that is inconsistent with—

(1) any applicable land management plan; or
(2) any other provision of law (including regulations).

15 SEC. 202. RECOVERY AND RESTORATION TREATMENTS
16 FOLLOWING STAND-REPLACING DISTURB17 ANCES.

18 (a) DEFINITION OF STAND-REPLACING DISTURB-19 ANCE.—In this section, the term "stand-replacing disturb-20 ance" means a natural disturbance event, including a 21 wildland fire or other event, that kills all or most of the 22 living overstory trees in a stand and initiates forest succes-23 sion or regrowth on a unit of the National Forest System. 24 (b) PILOT NATIONAL FORESTS.—Not later than 1 25 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary RYA24592 L5V

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of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest 1 2 Service (referred to in this section as the "Secretary"), 3 shall identify units of the National Forest System that the 4 Secretary determines to be at high or very high risk of 5 experiencing a stand-replacing disturbance during the 10year period following the date of enactment of this Act. 6 (c) INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAMS.—Not later than 2 7 8 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-9 retary shall establish an interdisciplinary post-disturbance 10 planning team (referred to in this section as the "team") to assist in carrying out the requirements of this section. 11 12 (d) Model Land and Resource Management 13 PLAN AMENDMENT.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after 15 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in 16 cooperation with the team, shall develop a model 17 land and resource management plan amendment es-18 tablishing plan content for future site-specific 19 project-level decisions if a stand-replacing disturb-20 ance occurs on units of the National Forest System 21 identified under subsection (b).

(2) CONTENT.—The model amendment required
under paragraph (1) shall include direction regarding post-disturbance management, including salvage
logging and reforestation activities, to achieve de-

sired conditions, objectives, standards, guidelines,
 suitability of lands, and other plan content, includ ing goals and monitoring provisions, of the existing
 land and resource management plan on the applica ble unit of the National Forest System, if a stand replacing disturbance occurs.

7 (3) USE OF MODEL LAND AND RESOURCE MAN8 AGEMENT PLAN AMENDMENT.—The Secretary shall
9 utilize the Model Land and Resource Management
10 Plan Amendment, as adapted to the unique ecologi11 cal and socioeconomic setting for each unit of the
12 National Forest System identified under subsection
13 (b), in carrying out subsection (e).

14 (e) Land and Resource Management Plan15 Amendments.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable, but
17 not later than 10 years, after the date of enactment
18 of this Act, the Secretary, assisted by the team, shall
19 amend the applicable land and resource management
20 plan of each unit of the National Forest System
21 identified under subsection (b).

22 (2) PROCESS.—The Secretary shall comply with23 all relevant laws in carrying out this section.

24 (3) ELECTION.—The Secretary may comply
25 with the provisions of this section by incorporating

1	the requirements of this section into an ongoing land
2	and resource management plan revision or amend-
3	ment process.
4	SEC. 203. ERADICATION OF INVASIVE GRASSES.
5	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
6	(1) ACTION PLAN.—The term "action plan"
7	means the action plan developed under subsection
8	(b).
9	(2) INVASIVE GRASS.—The term "invasive
10	grass" means—
11	(A) cheatgrass;
12	(B) ventenata;
13	(C) medusahead; and
14	(D) any additional invasive, nonnative
15	grass species that the Secretaries determine
16	pose a risk by—
17	(i) increasing fire vulnerability and
18	fire spread; and
19	(ii) altering fire regimes.
20	(b) ACTION PLAN.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries shall jointly
22	develop and implement an action plan to map, treat,
23	and control invasive grass—

1	(A) to promote the resiliency, biodiversity,
2	and carbon sequestration capacity of forests,
3	rangelands, and grasslands;
4	(B) to restore native plant species;
5	(C) to minimize risks from wildfire; and
6	(D) to enhance the quality of forage for
7	wildlife and livestock.
8	(2) Requirements.—The action plan shall—
9	(A) consider or incorporate existing efforts;
10	(B) take into account—
11	(i) the latest science;
12	(ii) best practices; and
13	(iii) available deployment tools;
14	(C) be prepared in coordination with State,
15	Tribal, and local governmental entities and the
16	heads of other Federal agencies, including the
17	Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation
18	Service, that are engaged in activities to control
19	invasive grass to leverage and maximize funding
20	and resources;
21	(D) identify options to streamline environ-
22	mental review, including—
23	(i) the use of categorical exclusions
24	(as defined in section 111 of the National
25	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42

1	U.S.C. 4336e)), including a categorical ex-
2	clusion of another agency pursuant to sec-
3	tion 109 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 4336c);
4	(ii) the development of consultations
5	under section 7 of the Endangered Species
6	Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536) on a pro-
7	grammatic basis;
8	(iii) interagency coordination regard-
9	ing the validation, registration, and effec-
10	tive use of products to control or eradicate
11	invasive grass; and
12	(iv) maximizing opportunities to co-
13	operate with other Federal, Tribal, and
14	State agencies in analysis, assessments,
15	and studies;
16	(E) establish—
17	(i) specific goals;
18	(ii) specific implementation actions
19	that the Secretaries and partners of the
20	Secretaries will conduct over a 5-year pe-
21	riod; and
22	(iii) targets, including acres to be
23	treated annually in target treatment areas
24	identified by the Secretaries;

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1	(F) provide for a combination of treatment
2	methods for the most effective control or eradi-
3	cation of an invasive grass, including—
4	(i) manual treatment methods;
5	(ii) mechanical treatment methods;
6	(iii) cultural treatment methods, in-
7	cluding the use of wood chips or prescribed
8	fire;
9	(iv) biological treatment methods,
10	which may include livestock grazing; or
11	(v) chemical treatment methods;
12	(G) identify and implement, to the extent
13	practicable, best practices to reduce the spread-
14	ing of invasive grass seed, such as the use of
15	spray washing stations; and
16	(H) identify methods and metrics to deter-
17	mine the effectiveness of treatment and control
18	efforts.
19	(3) DEADLINE TO FINALIZE ACTION PLAN.—
20	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
21	of this Act, the Secretaries shall finalize the action
22	plan.
23	(4) Implementation of action plan.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days
25	after the date on which the action plan is final-

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ized under paragraph (3), the Secretaries shall begin implementing the action plan in a manner consistent with other applicable laws (including regulations).

5  $(\mathbf{B})$ Memoranda  $\mathbf{OF}$ UNDERSTANDING 6 AND AGREEMENTS.—In implementing the ac-7 tion plan, the Secretary concerned may enter 8 into a memorandum of understanding or an 9 agreement with non-Federal entities, as appro-10 priate, to carry out activities under the action 11 plan to control the spread of an invasive grass 12 on Federal land or land adjacent to Federal 13 land.

14 (C) COOPERATING AGENCY COORDINA-15 TION.—The Secretary concerned shall, to the 16 extent practicable, offer to assist in the prepa-17 ration of environmental reviews that may be 18 necessary in implementing treatment and con-19 trol activities on land adjacent to Federal land. 20 (c) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 3 years 21 after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually 22 thereafter during the period in which the action plan is 23 being implemented, the Secretaries shall submit to Con-24 gress a report assessing the effectiveness of the action 25 plan that includes a description of—

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1	(1) the location and acreage of the areas treat-
2	ed for invasive grass;
3	(2) any memoranda of understanding or agree-
4	ments entered into under subsection $(b)(4)(B)$ to ad-
5	vance the implementation of the action plan;
6	(3) the effectiveness of treatments and control
7	efforts, determined using the methods and metrics
8	described in subsection (b)(2)(H); and
9	(4) recommendations for studies to explore in-
10	novative methods and practices to treat and control
11	invasive grass.
12	(d) FUNDING.—
13	(1) OUTSIDE FUNDING.—The Secretary con-
14	cerned may accept non-Federal funds to implement
15	any provision of this section.
16	(2) Other funding.—In addition to any fund-
17	ing received under paragraph (1), the Secretaries
18	may expend to carry out this section up to
19	\$30,000,000 of any funding made available to the
20	Secretary concerned for invasive species control, in-
21	cluding funding provided under section $40804(b)(6)$
22	of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (16
23	U.S.C. 6592a(b)(6)).
24	(3) LIMITATIONS.—Of the amounts made avail-
25	able to carry out this section, not more than 10 per-

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cent shall be used for development of the action
 plan.

## TITLE III—RESEARCH

## 4 SEC. 301. LONGEVITY OF FOREST PRODUCTS.

5 The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the6 Secretary of Agriculture, shall—

7 (1) develop accurate and efficient methods and
8 technologies to measure and monitor the amount
9 and average lifespan of carbon stored in woody bio10 mass energy feedstocks and building materials;

(2) by not later than 2 years after the date of
enactment of this Act, publish estimates of the carbon intensity of woody biomass energy feedstocks
and building materials, including in short-lived forest products and long-lived wood products; and

16 (3) by not later than 3 years after the date of
17 enactment of this Act, publish a lifecycle carbon as18 sessment, including any carbon sequestration, for—

19 (A) short-lived forest products;

20 (B) building materials; and

21 (C) other long-lived wood products.

## 22 SEC. 302. FOREST INVENTORY AND ANALYSIS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To bring more innovation and efficiency to climate-resilient forestry actions in the United

States, the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the 1 2 Chief of the Forest Service— 3 (1) shall publish a report, or expand on a re-4 port being published pursuant to another provision 5 of law, that demonstrates the efforts of the Forest 6 Service— 7 (A) to measure a consistent historical se-8 ries of field plots while using advanced tech-9 nology, including remote sensing, to improve 10 data and information; and 11  $(\mathbf{B})$ to use advanced geospatial tech-12 nologies to improve area and volume estimates, 13 especially for smaller areas; 14 (2) may use remote sensing technologies and 15 other technologies to develop more accurate and effi-16 cient methods and to reduce costs to facilitate the 17 measuring and monitoring of forest carbon in the 18 United States, in a manner that can— 19 (A) assess landscape-scale or regional-scale 20 carbon stocking; 21 (B) improve the quantity and quality of 22 the information available to policy makers and 23 forest managers, including with regard to forest 24 inventories and verification activities;

1	(C) empower private forest owners to par-
2	ticipate in voluntary carbon crediting opportuni-
3	ties; and
4	(D) enable—
5	(i) a policy maker to compare the con-
6	sequences of policy options to increase cli-
7	mate benefits from forests; and
8	(ii) an assessment of the effectiveness
9	of a policy implemented to increase the cli-
10	mate benefits from forests; and
11	(3) may accelerate, or increase the frequency of,
12	current inventories and data collection activities
13	across all forest types to ensure consistent nation-
14	wide estimates of forest carbon pools that can reflect
15	short-term changes from disturbances, such as
16	wildfires, and management activities.
17	(b) FUNDING.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting
18	through the Chief of the Forest Service, may annually use
19	to carry out this section not more than \$10,000,000 of
20	any amount made available to the Forest Service for re-
21	search.
22	SEC. 303. BIOECONOMY RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY
23	TRANSFER.
24	(a) Forest Products Research.—The Secretary
25	of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the "Sec-

1	retary"), in coordination with the Secretary of Energy,
2	shall expand research relating to the use of wood—
3	(1) to facilitate the establishment of new mar-
4	kets, including nontraditional markets, for material
5	produced from forest management projects that typi-
6	cally has little or no commercial value;
7	(2) to increase the economic viability of manu-
8	facturing products using material described in para-
9	graph (1);
10	(3) for the production of low-carbon renewable
11	fuel, including sustainable aviation fuel; and
12	(4) including structural testing of hardwood
13	species for use in mass timber.
14	(b) Technology Transfer Office.—
15	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established
16	within the Forest Service an Office of Technology
17	Transfer (referred to this subsection as the "Of-
18	fice").
19	(2) MISSION.—The mission of the Office shall
20	be—
21	(A) to expand the commercial impact of
22	the research investments of the Forest Service;
23	and

1	(B) to provide for the commercialization of
2	technologies that support the mission of the
3	Forest Service.
4	(3) Chief commercialization officer.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be
6	headed by an officer, who shall be known as the
7	"Chief Commercialization Officer" and who
8	shall report to the Deputy Chief of the Forest
9	Service for Research and Development.
10	(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—An individual ap-
11	pointed to the position of Chief Commercializa-
12	tion Officer shall be an individual who, by rea-
13	son of professional background and experience,
14	is specially qualified to advise the Chief of the
15	Forest Service and the Deputy Chief of the
16	Forest Service for Research and Development
17	on technology transfer at the Forest Service.
18	(C) DUTIES.—The Chief Commercializa-
19	tion Officer shall—
20	(i) oversee the expenditure of funds
21	allocated for technology transfer within the
22	Forest Service;
23	(ii) represent the Forest Service on—
24	(I) the Federal Laboratory Con-
25	sortium for Technology Transfer es-

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1	tablished by section 11(e) of the Ste-
2	venson-Wydler Technology Innovation
3	Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(e)); and
4	(II) other similar interagency co-
5	ordinating entities;
6	(iii) coordinate with—
7	(I) other technology transfer and
8	commercialization offices within the
9	Department of Agriculture; and
10	(II) other similar Federal enti-
11	ties, as appropriate;
12	(iv) oversee efforts to engage with pri-
13	vate sector entities, including venture cap-
14	ital companies, on issues relating to tech-
15	nology transfer and commercialization; and
16	(v) coordinate efforts to patent or oth-
17	erwise protect under title 35, United
18	States Code, any inventions arising from a
19	Forest Service laboratory.
20	(4) TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER WORKING
21	GROUP.—
22	(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary
23	shall establish within the Forest Service a Tech-
24	nology Transfer Working Group, which shall
25	consist of—

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1	(i) the Deputy Chief of the Forest
2	Service for Research and Development;
3	(ii) the Chief Commercialization Offi-
4	cer;
5	(iii) representatives from each re-
6	search station within the Forest Service;
7	and
8	(iv) representatives from other Forest
9	Service entities with relevant expertise, as
10	appropriate.
11	(B) DUTIES.—The Technology Transfer
12	Working Group established under subparagraph
13	(A) shall—
14	(i) assist with the coordination of
15	technology transfer and commercialization
16	opportunities occurring at Forest Service
17	laboratories;
18	(ii) develop and disseminate guidance
19	to researchers at Forest Service labora-
20	tories on technology transfer and commer-
21	cialization requirements under the Steven-
22	son-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
23	1980 (15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.) and associ-
24	ated agreements to implement those re-
25	quirements; and

1	(iii) develop and disseminate to the
2	public and prospective technology partners
3	information about opportunities and proce-
4	dures for technology transfer with the For-
5	est Service.
6	(C) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the Tech-
8	nology Transfer Working Group established
9	under subparagraph (A) shall submit to Con-
10	gress a report that describes—
11	(i) the number of cooperative research
12	and development agreements entered into
13	by the Forest Service under section 12 of
14	the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innova-
15	tion Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a) during
16	the preceding 5 years;
17	(ii) the number of agreements with
18	partnership intermediaries entered into by
19	the Forest Service under section 23 of the
20	Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation
21	Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3715) during the
22	preceding 5 years;
23	(iii) the number of licenses or other
24	use authorizations issued by the Forest

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1	Service for patents held by the Forest
2	Service during the preceding 5 years; and
3	(iv) recommendations for legislative,
4	programmatic, or regulatory changes to
5	support the mission of the Office.
6	(5) Key performance indicators.—Begin-
7	ning with the first year after the report under para-
8	graph (4)(C) is submitted, and each year thereafter,
9	the President shall include in the budget of the
10	United States Government submitted to Congress
11	under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code—
12	(A) the number of cooperative research
13	and development agreements entered into by
14	the Forest Service under section 12 of the Ste-
15	venson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
16	1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a) during the preceding
17	year;
18	(B) the number of agreements with part-
19	nership intermediaries entered into by the For-
20	est Service under section 23 of the Stevenson-
21	Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15
22	U.S.C. 3715) during the preceding year; and
23	(C) the number of licenses or other use au-
24	thorizations issued by the Forest Service for

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patents held by the Forest Service during the
 preceding year.

3 (6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
4 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec5 retary to carry out this subsection \$5,000,000 for
6 each fiscal year.

7 (c) NATIONAL FOREST FOUNDATION ACTIVITIES.—
8 Section 402(b)(3) of the National Forest Foundation Act
9 (16 U.S.C. 583j(b)(3)) is amended by striking "coopera10 tive forestry" and inserting "technology transfer, commer11 cialization, cooperative forestry,".

(d) SMALL BUSINESS VOUCHER PILOT PROGRAM.—
(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration,
shall establish an innovation voucher pilot program
to accelerate product development, demonstration,
and commercialization in the forest products sector.

19 (2) VOUCHERS.—Under the pilot program es20 tablished under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
21 provide vouchers to small business concerns (as de22 fined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15
23 U.S.C. 632)) to be used at research facilities of the
24 Forest Service for research, development, dem25 onstration, technology transfer, skills training and

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workforce development, or commercial application
 activities.

3 (3) Cost-sharing.—

4 (A) BASIC RESEARCH.—Except as pro-5 vided in subparagraph (D), the Secretary may 6 require up to 20 percent of the cost of a vouch-7 er provided under paragraph (2) for a research 8 or development activity that is of a basic or 9 fundamental nature, at the discretion of the 10 Secretary, to be provided by a non-Federal 11 source.

12 (B) APPLIED RESEARCH.—Except as pro-13 vided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), the Sec-14 retary shall require not less than 20 percent of 15 the cost of a voucher provided under paragraph 16 (2) for a research or development activity that 17 is not of a basic or fundamental nature, at the 18 discretion of the Secretary, to be provided by a 19 non-Federal source.

20 (C) DEMONSTRATION AND COMMERCIAL
21 APPLICATION.—Except as provided in subpara22 graph (E), the Secretary shall require not less
23 than 50 percent of the cost of a voucher pro24 vided under paragraph (2) for a demonstration

1	or commercial application activity to be pro-
2	vided by a non-Federal source.
3	(D) EXEMPTION FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
4	AND NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS.—The cost
5	share requirements under subparagraphs (A)
6	and (B) shall not apply to an activity performed
7	by an institution of higher education or a non-
8	profit institution (as defined in section 4 of the
9	Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
10	1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703)).
11	(E) REDUCTION IN COST-SHARE.—The
12	Secretary may reduce the non-Federal share re-
13	quired under subparagraphs (B) and (C) if the
14	Secretary determines the reduction to be nec-
15	essary and appropriate, taking into account any
16	technological risk relating to the activity.
17	(4) TERMINATION.—The authorities provided
18	under this subsection (except for paragraph $(5)$ )
19	shall expire on September 30, 2029.
20	(5) Report.—Not later than 180 days after
21	the termination of the pilot program under para-
22	graph (4), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a
23	report describing the outcomes of the pilot program,
24	including any recommendations to improve the pilot
25	program.

## 1 SEC. 304. FOREST HEALTH THREAT CENTERS.

2 The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the3 Chief of the Forest Service, shall—

4 (1) seek to expand the services provided by the
5 Western Wildland Environmental Threat Assessment
6 Center and the Eastern Forest Environmental
7 Threat Assessment Center such that those Centers
8 become centers of excellence to inform large-scale
9 climate-resilient forest management; and

10 (2) share the syntheses, models, and application
11 tools developed by the Western Wildland Environ12 mental Threat Assessment Center and the Eastern
13 Forest Environmental Threat Assessment Center
14 with—

15 (A) the Department of Agriculture climate16 hubs; and

17 (B) the Climate Adaptation Science Cen18 ters managed by the Secretary, acting through
19 the Director of the United States Geological
20 Survey.

21 SEC. 305. JOINT MASS TIMBER SCIENCE AND EDUCATION
22 PROGRAM.

23 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

24 (1) LOCAL APPROVING AGENCY.—The term
25 "local approving agency" means an agency or unit

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1	of a local government that is responsible for the
2	issuance of permits for building construction.
3	(2) MASS TIMBER.—The term "mass timber"
4	includes—
5	(A) cross-laminated timber;
6	(B) nail laminated timber;
7	(C) glue laminated timber;
8	(D) dowel laminated timber;
9	(E) laminated strand lumber; and
10	(F) laminated veneer lumber.
11	(3) PROCURING AGENCY.—The term "procuring
12	agency" means the Department of the Interior, the
13	Forest Service, or a person that is a party to a con-
14	tract with the Department of the Interior or the
15	Forest Service, with respect to work performed
16	under such a contract.
17	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Di-
19	rector of the Forest Products Laboratory of the For-
20	est Service.
21	(5) TALL WOOD BUILDING.—The term "tall
22	wood building" means a building designed to be—
23	(A) constructed with mass timber; and
24	(B)(i) if a residential building, more than
25	4 stories in height; and

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(ii) if a commercial building, more than 5
 stories in height.

3 (b) Mass Timber Science and Education Pro-4 GRAM WITH THE FOREST PRODUCTS LABORATORY.—The 5 Secretary shall establish a mass timber science and edu-6 cation program to respond to the emerging research needs 7 of architects, developers, and the forest products industry. 8 (c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate 9 with research programs at colleges and universities in ad-10 ministering the mass timber science and education pro-11 gram established under subsection (b) to supplement the current research and educational efforts of colleges and 12

13 universities.

(d) PURPOSES.—The mass timber science and education program established under subsection (b) shall have
the following principal purposes:

(1) To provide practical research responsive to
the needs of architects, developers, and the forest
products industry, including assessments of carbon
impacts in the originating forests and the end use of
mass timber in the built environment.

(2) To engage and listen to clients and then develop focused, strategic lines of new research responsive to those needs, which may include research relating to flammability and performance during a

fire, structural characteristics, energy use and sav ings, acoustics, and slab construction composed of
 hybrid materials.

4 (3) To solicit proposals from scientists who
5 compete for funding through a rigorous peer-review
6 process designed to ensure the best projects are
7 funded.

8 (4) To disseminate research findings using a 9 suite of communication tools to ensure that archi-10 tects, developers, and the forest products industry 11 are aware of, understand, and can use the informa-12 tion to make sound decisions and implement 13 projects.

14 (5) To develop and facilitate the adoption, on a
15 voluntary basis, of a curriculum for building struc16 tures using mass timber for use in schools of engi17 neering and architecture that includes—

18 (A) structural design; and

19 (B) the possibilities, benefits, and limita-20 tions of using mass timber in construction.

(e) MASS TIMBER PLAN.—Not later than September
30, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress a mass timber plan that includes—
(1) an assessment of the current state of knowledge about mass timber and tall wood buildings;

1	(2) an integrated approach to improve knowl-
2	edge sharing;
3	(3) an approach for project monitoring and
4	evaluation; and
5	(4) an approach for setting research priorities.
6	(f) Stakeholder Advisory Group.—
7	(1) Membership.—The Secretary shall appoint
8	a stakeholder advisory group of technical experts
9	that consists, at a minimum, of—
10	(A) a Forest Service scientist;
11	(B) a researcher from a college or univer-
12	sity;
13	(C) a representative of a trade association;
14	(D) an architect or developer;
15	(E) a representative of a local approving
16	agency;
17	(F) a representative of a forest products
18	company; and
19	(G) a representative of a nongovernmental
20	organization with experience—
21	(i) designing or constructing tall wood
22	buildings; or
23	(ii) complying with or revising related
24	building codes.

1	(2) DUTIES.—The stakeholder advisory group
2	shall meet at least annually—
3	(A) to consider immediate and long-term
4	science needs;
5	(B) to suggest to the Secretary appropriate
6	topic areas, specific issues within those topic
7	areas, and information transfer needs for which
8	the Secretary shall solicit proposals described in
9	subsection $(d)(3)$ ; and
10	(C) to assist the Secretary in drafting the
11	mass timber plan required under subsection (e).
12	(g) ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may provide to the
13	Secretary of Transportation and to States technical assist-
14	ance relating to the use of wood in bridges when under-
15	going revisions to a State bridge design manual.
16	(h) AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From
17	amounts appropriated for Forest Service research, exclud-
18	ing funding made available for the Forest Inventory and
19	Analysis program, the Secretary may use \$4,000,000 to
20	carry out the activities described in this section.
21	TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS
22	SEC. 401. DESIGNATION OF PATSYE CRITES FOREST.
23	(a) Designation.—On acquisition by the United
24	States, the approximately 2,693.31 acres of land within
25	the Monongahela National Forest identified on the map

prepared by the Forest Service entitled "Blackwater Can yon" and dated August 5, 2024, shall be known and des ignated as the "Patsye Crites Forest".

4 (b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, reg5 ulation, document, paper, or other record of the United
6 States to the land acquired under subsection (a) shall be
7 deemed to be a reference to the "Patsye Crites Forest".