## TITLE \_\_\_BUILDING AMER ICAN ENERGY SECURITY ACT OF 2022

4 SEC. \_\_\_\_01. SHORT TITLE.

5 This title may be cited as the "Building American6 Energy Security Act of 2022".

## 7 Subtitle A—Accelerating Agency 8 Reviews

9 SEC. <u>11. DEFINITIONS.</u>

10 In this subtitle:

(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" means any
agency, department, or other unit of Federal, State,
local, or Tribal government.

(2) ALASKA NATIVE CORPORATION.—The term
"Alaska Native Corporation" has the meaning given
the term "Native Corporation" in section 3 of the
Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
1602).

19 (3) AUTHORIZATION.—The term "authoriza20 tion" means any license, permit, approval, finding,
21 determination, interagency consultation, or other ad22 ministrative decision that is required or authorized
23 under Federal law (including regulations) to design,

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1	plan, site, construct, reconstruct, or commence oper-
2	ations of a project, including any authorization de-
3	scribed in section $41001(3)$ of the FAST Act (42
4	U.S.C. 4370m(3)).
5	(4) COOPERATING AGENCY.—The term "cooper-
6	ating agency" means any Federal agency (and a
7	State, Tribal, or local agency if agreed on by the
8	lead agency), other than a lead agency, that has ju-
9	risdiction by law or special expertise with respect to
10	an environmental impact relating to a project.
11	(5) Environmental document.—The term
12	"environmental document" includes any of the fol-
13	lowing, as prepared under NEPA:
14	(A) An environmental assessment.
15	(B) A finding of no significant impact.
16	(C) An environmental impact statement.
17	(D) A record of decision.
18	(6) Environmental impact statement.—
19	The term "environmental impact statement" means
20	the detailed statement of environmental impacts of
21	a project required to be prepared under NEPA.
22	(7) Environmental review process.—The
23	term "environmental review process" means the
24	process for preparing an environmental impact state-
25	ment, environmental assessment, categorical exclu-

1	sion, or other document required to be prepared to
2	achieve compliance with NEPA, including pre-appli-
3	cation consultation and scoping processes.
4	(8) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe"
5	has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the
6	Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994
7	(25 U.S.C. 5130).
8	(9) LEAD AGENCY.—The term "lead agency",
9	with respect to a project, means—
10	(A) the Federal agency preparing, or as-
11	suming primary responsibility for, the author-
12	ization or review of the project; and
13	(B) if applicable, any State, local, or Trib-
14	al government entity serving as a joint lead
15	agency for the project.
16	(10) NEPA.—The term "NEPA" means the
17	National Environmental Policy Act of $1969$ (42)
18	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) (including NEPA implementing
19	regulations).
20	(11) NEPA IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS.—
21	The term "NEPA implementing regulations" means
22	the regulations in subpart A of chapter V of title 40,
23	Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regula-
24	tions).

1 (12) PARTICIPATING AGENCY.—The term "par-2 ticipating agency" means an agency participating in 3 an environmental review or authorization for a 4 project. 5 (13) PROJECT SPONSOR.—The term "project 6 sponsor" means an entity, including any private, 7 public, or public-private entity, seeking an authoriza-8 tion for a project. 9 SEC. 12. STREAMLINING PROCESS FOR AUTHORIZA-10 TIONS AND REVIEWS OF ENERGY AND NAT-11 URAL RESOURCES PROJECTS. 12 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—The term "cat-13 14 egorical exclusion" means a categorical exclusion 15 within the meaning of NEPA. PROJECT.—The 16 (2)MAJOR term "major 17 project" means a project— 18 (A) for which multiple authorizations, re-19 views, or studies are required under a Federal 20 law other than NEPA; and 21 (B) with respect to which the head of the 22 lead agency has determined that— 23 (i) an environmental impact statement 24 is required; or

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1	(ii) an environmental assessment is
2	required, and the project sponsor requests
3	that the project be treated as a major
4	project.
5	(3) PROJECT.—The term "project" means a
6	project—
7	(A) proposed for the construction of infra-
8	structure—
9	(i) to develop, produce, generate,
10	store, transport, or distribute energy;
11	(ii) to capture, remove, transport, or
12	store carbon dioxide; or
13	(iii) to mine, extract, beneficiate, or
14	process minerals; and
15	(B) that, if implemented as proposed by
16	the project sponsor, would be subject to the re-
17	quirements that—
18	(i) an environmental document be pre-
19	pared; and
20	(ii) the applicable agency issue an au-
21	thorization of the activity.
22	(4) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
23	retary concerned" means, as appropriate—
24	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with re-
25	spect to the Forest Service;

1	(B) the Secretary of Energy;
2	(C) the Secretary of the Interior;
3	(D) the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
4	mission;
5	(E) the Secretary of the Army, with re-
6	spect to the Corps of Engineers; and
7	(F) the Secretary of Transportation, with
8	respect to the Maritime Administration and the
9	Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Ad-
10	ministration.
11	(b) Applicability.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The project development
13	procedures under this section—
14	(A) shall apply to—
15	(i) all projects for which an environ-
16	mental impact statement is prepared;
17	(ii) all major projects; and
18	(iii) to the maximum extent prac-
19	ticable, projects described in clause (i) or
20	(ii) for which an authorization is being
21	sought or that are subject to an environ-
22	mental review process initiated prior to the
23	date of enactment of this Act.
24	(B) may be applied, as requested by a
25	project sponsor and to the extent determined

1	appropriate by the Secretary concerned, to
2	other projects for which an environmental docu-
3	ment is prepared; and
4	(C) shall not apply to—
5	(i) any project subject to section 139
6	of title 23, United States Code;
7	(ii) any project that is a water re-
8	sources development project of the Corps
9	of Engineers; or
10	(iii) any authorization of the Corps of
11	Engineers if that authorization is for a
12	project that alters or modifies a water re-
13	sources development project of the Corps
14	of Engineers.
15	(2) FLEXIBILITY.—Any authority provided by
16	this section may be exercised, and any requirement
17	established under this section may be satisfied, for
18	a project, class of projects, or program of projects.
19	(3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this sec-
20	tion—
21	(A) precludes the use of an authority pro-
22	vided under any other provision of law, includ-
23	ing for a covered project under title XLI of the
24	FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m et seq.);

1	(B) supersedes or modifies any applicable
2	requirement, authority, or agency responsibility
3	provided under the National Environmental
4	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) or
5	any other provision of law; or
6	(C) shall be considered an abbreviated au-
7	thorization or environmental review process for
8	purposes of section $41001(6)(A)(i)(III)$ of the
9	FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m(6)(A)(i)(III)).
10	(c) LEAD AGENCIES.—
11	(1) JOINT LEAD AGENCIES.—Nothing in this
12	section precludes an agency from serving as a joint
13	lead agency for a project, in accordance with NEPA.
14	(2) Roles and responsibilities.—With re-
15	spect to the environmental review process for a
16	project, the lead agency shall have the authority and
17	responsibility—
18	(A) to take such actions as are necessary
19	and appropriate to facilitate the expeditious res-
20	olution of the environmental review process for
21	the project;
22	(B) to prepare any required environmental
23	impact statement or other environmental docu-
24	ment, or to ensure that such an environmental
25	impact statement or environmental document is

1	completed, in accordance with this section and
2	applicable Federal law;
3	(C) not later than 45 days after the date
4	of publication of a notice of intent to prepare
5	an environmental impact statement, or the initi-
6	ation of an environmental assessment, as appli-
7	cable, for a project—
8	(i) to identify any other agencies that
9	may have financing, environmental review,
10	authorization, or other responsibilities with
11	respect to the project;
12	(ii) to invite the identified agencies to
13	become participating agencies in the envi-
14	ronmental review process for the project;
15	and
16	(iii) to establish, as part of the invita-
17	tion, a deadline for the submission of a re-
18	sponse, which may be extended by the lead
19	agency for good cause;
20	(D) to consider and respond to comments
21	timely received from participating agencies re-
22	lating to matters within the special expertise or
23	jurisdiction of those agencies;
24	(E) to consider, and, as appropriate, rely
25	on, adopt, or incorporate by reference, baseline

1	data, analyses, and documentation that have
2	been prepared for the project under the laws
3	and procedures of a State or an Indian Tribe
4	if the lead agency determines that—
5	(i) those laws and procedures are of
6	equal or greater rigor, as compared to each
7	applicable Federal law and procedure; and
8	(ii) the baseline data, analysis, or doc-
9	umentation, as applicable, was prepared
10	under circumstances that allowed for—
11	(I) opportunities for public par-
12	ticipation;
13	(II) consideration of alternatives
14	and environmental consequences; and
15	(III) other required analyses that
16	are substantially equivalent to the
17	analyses that would have been pre-
18	pared if the baseline data, analysis, or
19	documentation was prepared by the
20	lead agency pursuant to NEPA; and
21	(F)(i) to ensure that the project sponsor
22	complies with design and mitigation commit-
23	ments for the project made jointly by the lead
24	agency and the project sponsor; and

	11
1	(ii) to ensure that environmental docu-
2	ments are appropriately supplemented if
3	changes become necessary with respect to the
4	project.
5	(d) Participating Agencies.—
6	(1) Applicability.—
7	(A) INAPPLICABILITY TO COVERED
8	PROJECTS.—The procedures under this sub-
9	section shall not apply to a covered project (as
10	defined in section 41001 of the FAST Act (42 $$
11	U.S.C. 4370m))—
12	(i) for which a project initiation notice
13	has been submitted pursuant to section
14	41003(a) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m-
15	2(a)); and
16	(ii) that is carried out in accordance
17	with the procedures described in that no-
18	tice.
19	(B) DESIGNATIONS FOR CATEGORIES OF
20	PROJECTS.—The Secretary concerned may exer-
21	cise the authority under this subsection with re-
22	spect to—
23	(i) a project;
24	(ii) a class of projects; or
25	(iii) a program of projects.

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1 (2) FEDERAL PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—Any 2 Federal agency that is invited by a lead agency to 3 participate in the environmental review process for a 4 project shall be designated as a participating agency 5 by the lead agency, unless the invited agency in-6 forms the lead agency, in writing, by the deadline 7 specified in the invitation, that the invited agency 8 has no responsibility for or interest in the project. 9 (3)FEDERAL COOPERATING AGENCIES.—A 10 Federal agency that has not been invited by a lead 11 agency to participate in the environmental review 12 process for a project, but that is required to make 13 an authorization or carry out an action for a project, 14 shall— 15 (A) notify the lead agency of the financing, 16 environmental review, authorization, or other 17 responsibilities of the notifying Federal agency 18 with respect to the project; and 19 (B) work with the lead agency to ensure 20 that the agency making the authorization or 21 carrying out the action is treated as a cooper-22 ating agency for the project. 23 (4) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—A participating agency 24 participating in the environmental review process for 25 a project shall—

1	(A) provide comments, responses, studies,
2	or methodologies relating to the areas within
3	the special expertise or jurisdiction of the agen-
4	cy; and
5	(B) use the environmental review process
6	to address any environmental issues of concern
7	to the agency.
8	(5) Effect of designation.—
9	(A) REQUIREMENT.—A participating agen-
10	cy for a project shall comply with the applicable
11	requirements of this section.
12	(B) NO IMPLICATION.—Designation as a
13	participating agency under this subsection shall
14	not imply that the participating agency—
15	(i) has made a determination to sup-
16	port or deny any project; or
17	(ii) has any jurisdiction over, or spe-
18	cial expertise with respect to evaluation of,
19	the applicable project.
20	(6) COOPERATING AGENCY DESIGNATION.—Any
21	agency designated as a cooperating agency shall also
22	be designated by the applicable lead agency as a par-
23	ticipating agency under the NEPA implementing
24	regulations.

(e) COORDINATION OF REQUIRED REVIEWS; ENVI 2 RONMENTAL DOCUMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The lead agency and each
participating agency for a project shall apply the requirements of section 41005 of the FAST Act (42
U.S.C. 4370m-4) to the project, subject to the condition that any reference contained in that section to
a "covered project" shall be considered to be a reference to the project under this section.

## 10 (2) SINGLE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT.—

11 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 12 subparagraph (C), to the maximum extent prac-13 ticable and consistent with Federal law, to 14 achieve compliance with NEPA, all Federal au-15 thorizations and reviews that are necessary for 16 a project shall rely on a single environmental 17 document for each type of environmental docu-18 ment prepared under NEPA under the leader-19 ship of the lead agency.

20 (B) Use of document.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—To the maximum
extent practicable, the lead agency shall
develop environmental documents sufficient
to satisfy the NEPA requirements for any

1	authorization or other Federal action re-
2	quired for the project.
3	(ii) Cooperation of participating
4	AGENCIES.—Each participating agency
5	shall cooperate with the lead agency and
6	provide timely information to assist the
7	lead agency to carry out subparagraph (A).
8	(C) EXCEPTIONS.—A lead agency may
9	waive the application of subparagraph (A) with
10	respect to a project if—
11	(i) the project sponsor requests that
12	agencies issue separate environmental doc-
13	uments;
14	(ii) the obligations of a cooperating
15	agency or participating agency under
16	NEPA have already been satisfied with re-
17	spect to the project; or
18	(iii) the lead agency determines, and
19	provides justification in the coordination
20	plan established under subsection $(g)(1)$ ,
21	that multiple environmental documents are
22	more efficient for the environmental review
23	process or authorization process for the
24	project.
25	(D) PAGE LIMITS.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
2	any other provision of law and except as
3	provided in clause (ii), to the maximum ex-
4	tent practicable, the text of the items de-
5	scribed in paragraphs (4) through (6) of
6	section 1502.10(a) of title 40, Code of
7	Federal Regulations (or successor regula-
8	tions), of an environmental impact state-
9	ment for a project shall be not more than
10	150 pages.
11	(ii) EXCEPTIONS.—The text described
12	in clause (i)—
13	(I) shall be not more than 300
14	pages in the case of a proposal of un-
15	usual scope or complexity; and
16	(II) may exceed 300 pages if the
17	lead agency establishes a new page
18	limit for the environmental impact
19	statement for that project.
20	(f) Errata for Environmental Impact State-
21	MENTS.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—In preparing a final environ-
23	mental impact statement for a project, if the lead
24	agency modifies the draft environmental impact
25	statement in response to comments, the lead agency

1	may write on errata sheets attached to the environ-
2	mental impact statement in lieu of rewriting the
3	draft environmental impact statement, subject to the
4	conditions described in paragraph (2).
5	(2) CONDITIONS.—The conditions referred to in
6	paragraph (1) are as follows:
7	(A) The comments to which the applicable
8	modification responds shall be minor.
9	(B) The modifications shall be confined
10	to—
11	(i) minor factual corrections; or
12	(ii) an explanation of the reasons why
13	the comments do not warrant additional
14	response from the lead agency.
15	(C) The errata sheets shall—
16	(i) cite the sources, authorities, and
17	reasons that support the position of the
18	lead agency; and
19	(ii) if appropriate, indicate the cir-
20	cumstances that would trigger reappraisal
21	or further response by the lead agency.
22	(3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this sub-
23	section precludes a lead agency from responding to
24	comments in a final environmental impact statement

1	in accordance with procedures described in section
2	1503.4(c) of the NEPA implementing regulations.
3	(g) Coordination and Scheduling.—
4	(1) COORDINATION PLAN.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
6	subparagraph (B), not later than 90 days after
7	the date of publication of a notice of intent to
8	prepare an environmental impact statement, or
9	the initiation of an environmental assessment,
10	as applicable, for a project, the lead agency
11	shall establish a plan for coordinating public
12	and agency participation in, and comment re-
13	garding, the environmental review process and
14	authorization decisions for the project or appli-
15	cable category of projects (referred to in this
16	paragraph as the "coordination plan").
17	(B) OTHER DATE.—If the project sponsor
18	requests the establishment of a coordination
19	plan for a project by a date earlier than the
20	deadline described in subparagraph (A), the
21	lead agency shall establish the coordination plan
22	not later than 90 days after the request is re-
23	ceived by the head of the lead agency.

24 (C) INCORPORATION INTO MEMO25 RANDUM.—A coordination plan may be incor-

1	porated into a memorandum of understanding
2	with the project sponsor, lead agency, and any
3	other appropriate entity to accomplish the co-
4	ordination activities described in this sub-
5	section.
6	(D) Schedule.—
7	(i) IN GENERAL.—As part of a coordi-
8	nation plan for a project, the lead agency
9	shall establish and maintain a schedule for
10	completion of the environmental review
11	process and authorization decisions for the
12	project that—
13	(I) includes the date of project
14	initiation or earliest Federal agency
15	contact for the project, including any
16	pre-application consultation;
17	(II) includes any programmatic
18	environmental document or agreement
19	that is a prerequisite or predecessor
20	for the environmental review process
21	for the project;
22	(III) includes—
23	(aa) any Federal authoriza-
24	tion, action required as part of
25	the environmental review process,

consultation, or similar process 1 2 that is required through project 3 completion; 4 (bb) to the maximum extent 5 practicable, any Indian Tribe, 6 Alaska Native Corporation, 7 State, or local agency authoriza-8 tion, review, consultation, or 9 similar process; and 10 (cc) a schedule for each au-11 thorization under item (aa) or 12 (bb), including any pre-applica-13 tion consultations, applications, 14 interim milestones, public com-15 ment periods, draft decisions, 16 final decisions, and final author-17 izations necessary to begin con-18 struction; and 19 (IV) is established— 20 (aa) after consultation with, 21 and the concurrence of, each par-22 ticipating agency for the project; 23 and 24 (bb) with the participation 25 of the project sponsor.

1	(ii) Major project schedules.—
2	To the maximum extent practicable and
3	consistent with applicable Federal law, in
4	the case of a major project, the lead agen-
5	cy shall develop, with the concurrence of
6	each participating agency for the major
7	project and in consultation with the project
8	sponsor, a schedule for the major project
9	that is consistent with completing—
10	(I) the environmental review
11	process—
12	(aa) in the case of major
13	projects for which the lead agen-
14	cy determines an environmental
15	impact statement is required, not
16	later than 2 years after the date
17	of publication by the lead agency
18	of a notice of intent to prepare
19	an environmental impact state-
20	ment to the record of decision;
21	and
22	(bb) in the case of major
23	projects for which the lead agen-
24	cy determines an environmental
25	assessment is required, not later

1	than 1 year after the date on
2	which the head of the lead agen-
3	cy determines that an environ-
4	mental assessment is required to
5	a finding of no significant im-
6	pact; and
7	(II) any outstanding authoriza-
8	tion required for project construction
9	not later than 150 days after the date
10	of an issuance of a record of decision
11	or a finding of no significant impact
12	under subclause (I).
13	(E) FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION.—In
14	establishing a schedule under subparagraph
15	(D), a Federal lead agency shall consider fac-
16	tors such as—
17	(i) the responsibilities of participating
18	agencies or cooperating agencies under ap-
19	plicable law;
20	(ii) resources available to the partici-
21	pating agencies or cooperating agencies;
22	(iii) the overall size and complexity of
23	the project;
24	(iv) the overall time required by an
25	agency to conduct the environmental re-

1	view process and make decisions under ap-
2	plicable Federal law relating to a project
3	(including the issuance or denial of a per-
4	mit or license);
5	(v) the cost of the project;
6	(vi) the sensitivity of the natural and
7	historic resources that could be affected by
8	the project; and
9	(vii) timelines and deadlines estab-
10	lished in this section and other applicable
11	law.
12	(F) Modifications.—
13	(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided
14	in clause (iii), the lead agency may length-
15	en—
16	(I) a schedule established for a
17	project under subparagraph (D) for
18	good cause, in accordance with clause
19	(ii); or
20	(II) shorten a schedule estab-
21	lished for a project under subpara-
22	graph (D) if the lead agency has—
23	(aa) good cause; and

1	(bb) the concurrence of the
2	project sponsor and any partici-
3	pating agencies.
4	(ii) GOOD CAUSE.—Good cause to
5	lengthen a schedule under clause (i)(I)
6	may include—
7	(I) Federal law prohibiting the
8	lead agency or another agency from
9	issuing an approval or permit within
10	the period required under subpara-
11	graph (D);
12	(II) a request from the project
13	sponsor that the permit or approval
14	follow a different timeline; or
15	(III) a determination by the lead
16	agency, with the concurrence of the
17	project sponsor, that an extension
18	would facilitate completion of the en-
19	vironmental review process and au-
20	thorization process of the project.
21	(iii) Exceptions.—
22	(I) Shortening of time pe-
23	RIOD.—A lead agency may not short-
24	en a schedule under clause (i)(II) if

	20
1	shortening the schedule would impair
2	the ability of a participating agency—
3	(aa) to conduct any nec-
4	essary analysis; or
5	(bb) to otherwise carry out
6	any relevant obligation of the
7	participating agency for the
8	project.
9	(II) MAJOR PROJECTS.—In the
10	case of a major project, the lead agen-
11	cy may lengthen a schedule for a
12	project under subparagraph (D) for a
13	Federal participating agency by not
14	more than 1 year after the latest
15	deadline established for the major
16	project by the lead agency.
17	(III) COORDINATION PLANS
18	PRIOR TO NOTICE OF INTENT.—In the
19	case of a schedule established for a
20	project under subparagraph (D) prior
21	to the publication of a notice of in-
22	tent, the lead agency may adjust the
23	schedule, with the concurrence of par-
24	ticipating agencies and the participa-
25	tion of the project sponsor, until the

1	date of publication of the notice of in-
2	tent.
3	(G) FAILURE TO MEET SCHEDULE OR
4	DEADLINE.—If a participating Federal agency
5	fails to meet a schedule or deadline established
6	under subparagraph (D), not later than 30
7	days after the missed schedule or deadline, the
8	participating Federal agency shall—
9	(i) notify—
10	(I) the Director of the Office of
11	Management and Budget;
12	(II) the Executive Director of the
13	Federal Permitting Improvement
14	Steering Council;
15	(III) the Secretary concerned;
16	(IV) the Committee on Energy
17	and Natural Resources of the Senate;
18	(V) the Committee on Environ-
19	ment and Public Works of the Senate;
20	(VI) the Committee on Natural
21	Resources of the House of Represent-
22	atives; and
23	(VII) the Committee on Energy
24	and Commerce of the House of Rep-
25	resentatives; and

	21
1	(ii) include in the notifications under
2	clause (i)—
3	(I) a description of the cause for
4	the failure; and
5	(II) a new schedule or deadline
6	agreed on by the project sponsor, the
7	lead agency, and cooperating agencies.
8	(H) DISSEMINATION.—A copy of a sched-
9	ule for a project under subparagraph (D), and
10	any modifications to such a schedule, shall be—
11	(i) provided to—
12	(I) all participating agencies; and
13	(II) the project sponsor; and
14	(ii) in the case of a schedule for a
15	major project under that subparagraph,
16	made available to the public pursuant to
17	subsection (l).
18	(I) NO DELAY IN DECISIONMAKING.—No
19	agency shall seek to encourage a sponsor of a
20	project to withdraw or resubmit an application
21	to delay decisionmaking within the timelines
22	under this subsection.
23	(2) Comment deadlines.—The lead agency
24	shall establish the following deadlines for comment

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1	during the environmental review process for a
2	project:
3	(A) For comments by agencies and the
4	public on a draft environmental impact state-
5	ment, a period of not more than 60 days after
6	publication in the Federal Register of a notice
7	of the date of public availability of the draft,
8	unless—
9	(i) a different deadline is established
10	by agreement of the lead agency, the
11	project sponsor, and all participating agen-
12	cies; or
13	(ii) the deadline is extended by the
14	lead agency for good cause, together with
15	a documented and publicly available expla-
16	nation of the need for an extended com-
17	ment period.
18	(B) For all other comment periods estab-
19	lished by the lead agency for agency or public
20	comment for a Federal authorization or in the
21	environmental review process, a period of not
22	more than 45 days beginning on the first date
23	of availability of the materials regarding which
24	comment is requested, unless a different dead-
25	line of not more than 60 days is established by

1	agreement of the lead agency and all partici-
2	pating agencies, in consultation with the project
3	sponsor.
4	(3) Public involvement.—Nothing in this
5	section—
6	(A) reduces any time period provided for—
7	(i) public comment in the environ-
8	mental review process; or
9	(ii) an authorization for a project
10	under applicable Federal law;
11	(B) creates a requirement for an additional
12	public comment opportunity in addition to any
13	public comment opportunity required for a
14	project under applicable Federal law; or
15	(C) creates a new requirement for public
16	comment on a project for which an environ-
17	mental assessment is being prepared.
18	(4) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.—Nothing in
19	this subsection affects or creates new requirements
20	for a project or activity that is eligible for a categor-
21	ical exclusion.
22	(5) Deadline enforcement.—
23	(A) DEFINITION OF APPLICABLE DEAD-
24	LINE.—In this paragraph, the term "applicable
25	deadline" means a deadline—

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1	(i) for the environmental review proc-
2	ess for a major project required under
3	paragraph (1)(D)(ii)(I);
4	(ii) for a decision on an authorization
5	for a major project required under para-
6	graph $(1)(D)(ii)(II)$ ; or
7	(iii) described in clause (i) or (ii) that
8	has been modified under paragraph $(1)(F)$ .
9	(B) PETITION TO COURT.—A project spon-
10	sor may obtain a review of an alleged failure by
11	a Federal agency, or a State agency acting pur-
12	suant to Federal law, to act in accordance with
13	an applicable deadline under this section by fil-
14	ing a written petition with a court of competent
15	jurisdiction seeking an order under subpara-
16	graph (C).
17	(C) COURT ORDER.—If a court of com-
18	petent jurisdiction finds that a Federal agency,
19	or a State agency acting pursuant to Federal
20	law, has failed to act in accordance with an ap-
21	plicable deadline, the court shall set a schedule
22	and deadline for the agency to act as soon as
23	practicable, which shall not exceed 90 days
24	from the date on which the order of the court
25	is issued, unless the court determines a longer

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1	time period is necessary to comply with applica-
2	ble law.
3	(D) JURISDICTION.—The United States
4	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
5	shall have original jurisdiction over any civil ac-
6	tion brought pursuant to subparagraph (B), in
7	addition to any court of competent jurisdiction
8	under any other Federal law.
9	(E) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—A
10	court of competent jurisdiction shall set for ex-
11	pedited consideration any action brought under
12	this subsection.
13	(h) Issue Identification and Resolution.—
14	(1) COOPERATION.—The lead agency and each
15	participating agency shall work cooperatively in ac-
16	cordance with this section to facilitate the timely
17	completion of the environmental review and author-
18	ization process by identifying and resolving issues
19	that could—
20	(A) delay final decisionmaking for any au-
21	thorization for a project;

(B) delay completion of the environmentalreview process for a project; or

1	(C) result in the denial of any authoriza-
2	tion required for the project under applicable
3	law.
4	(2) Accelerated issue resolution and re-
5	FERRAL.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—A participating agency,
7	project sponsor, or the Governor of a State in
8	which a project is located may request an issue
9	resolution meeting to resolve issues relating to
10	a project that could—
11	(i) delay final decisionmaking for any
12	authorization for a project;
13	(ii) significantly delay completion of
14	the environmental review process for a
15	project; or
16	(iii) result in the denial of any author-
17	ization required for the project under ap-
18	plicable law.
19	(B) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 30
20	days after the date of receipt of a request under
21	subparagraph (A), the lead agency shall con-
22	vene an issue resolution meeting, which shall in-
23	clude—
24	(i) the relevant participating agencies;
25	(ii) the project sponsor; and

	55
1	(iii) the Governor of a State in which
2	the project is located, if the Governor re-
3	quested the issue resolution meeting under
4	that subparagraph.
5	(C) Elevation.—If issue resolution is not
6	achieved by 30 days after the date of the initial
7	meeting under subparagraph (B), the issue
8	shall be elevated to the head of the lead agency,
9	who shall—
10	(i) notify—
11	(I) the heads of the relevant par-
12	ticipating agencies;
13	(II) the project sponsor; and
14	(III) the Governor of a State in
15	which the project is located, if the
16	Governor requested the issue resolu-
17	tion meeting under subparagraph (A);
18	and
19	(ii) convene a leadership issue resolu-
20	tion meeting not later than 90 days after
21	the date of the initial meeting under sub-
22	paragraph (B) with—
23	(I) the heads of the relevant par-
24	ticipating agencies, including any rel-
25	evant Secretaries;

1	(II) the project sponsor; and
2	(III) the Governor of a State in
3	which the project is located, if the
4	Governor requested the issue resolu-
5	tion meeting under subparagraph (A).
6	(D) CONVENTION BY LEAD AGENCY.—A
7	lead agency may convene an issue resolution
8	meeting at any time to resolve issues relating to
9	an authorization or environmental review proc-
10	ess for a project, without the request of a par-
11	ticipating agency, project sponsor, or the Gov-
12	ernor of a State in which the project is located.
13	(E) Referral of issue resolution for
14	MAJOR PROJECTS TO COUNCIL ON ENVIRON-
15	MENTAL QUALITY.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—If issue resolution
17	for a major project is not achieved by 30
18	days after the date on which a leadership
19	issue resolution meeting is convened under
20	subparagraph (C), the head of the lead
21	agency shall refer the matter to the Coun-
22	cil on Environmental Quality.
23	(ii) MEETING.—Not later than 30
24	days after the date of receipt of a referral
25	from the head of the lead agency under

1	clause (i), the Council on Environmental
2	Quality shall convene an issue resolution
3	meeting with—
4	(I) the head of the lead agency;
5	(II) the heads of relevant partici-
6	pating agencies;
7	(III) the project sponsor; and
8	(IV) the Governor of a State in
9	which the major project is located, if
10	the Governor requested the issue reso-
11	lution meeting under subparagraph
12	(A).
13	(F) Consistency with other law.—An
14	agency shall implement the requirements of this
15	paragraph—
16	(i) unless doing so would prevent the
17	compliance of the agency with existing law;
18	and
19	(ii) consistent with, to the maximum
20	extent permitted by law, any dispute reso-
21	lution process established in an applicable
22	law, regulation, or legally binding agree-
23	ment.
24	(G) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH.—Nothing in
25	this paragraph limits the application of section

1	41003 of the FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m–2)
2	to a covered project (as defined in section
3	41001 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m)) that is
4	a project subject to the requirements of this
5	section, including with respect to dispute resolu-
6	tion procedures regarding a permitting time-
7	table.
8	(i) Enhanced Technical Assistance From Lead
9	AGENCY.—
10	(1) Definition of covered project.—In
11	this subsection, the term "covered project" means a
12	project—
13	(A) that has a pending environmental re-
14	view or authorization under NEPA; and
15	(B) for which the lead agency determines
16	a delay to the schedule established under sub-
17	section (g) is likely.
18	(2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—At the request of
19	a project sponsor, participating agency, or the Gov-
20	ernor of a State in which a covered project is lo-
21	cated, the head of the lead agency may provide tech-
22	nical assistance to resolve any outstanding issues
23	that are resulting in project delay for the covered
24	project, including by—
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1	(A) providing additional staff, training,
2	and expertise;
3	(B) facilitating interagency coordination;
4	(C) promoting more efficient collaboration;
5	and
6	(D) supplying specialized onsite assistance.
7	(3) Scope of Work.—In providing technical
8	assistance for a covered project under this sub-
9	section, the head of the lead agency shall establish
10	a scope of work that describes the actions that the
11	head of the lead agency will take to resolve the out-
12	standing issues and project delays.
13	(4) CONSULTATION.—In providing technical as-
14	sistance for a covered project under this subsection,
15	the head of the lead agency shall consult, if appro-
16	priate, with participating agencies on all methods
17	available to resolve any outstanding issues and
18	project delays for a covered project as expeditiously
19	as practicable.
20	(j) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Except as provided in sub-
21	section (k), nothing in this section affects the reviewability
22	of any final Federal agency action in a court of—
23	(1) the United States; or
24	(2) any State.
25	(k) EFFICIENCY OF CLAIMS.—

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1 (1)STATUTE  $\mathbf{OF}$ LIMITATIONS.—Notwith-2 standing any other provision of law, a claim arising 3 under Federal law seeking judicial review of an au-4 thorization issued or denied by a Federal agency for 5 a project shall be barred unless the claim is filed by 6 150 days after the later of the date on which the au-7 thorization is final in accordance with the law under 8 which the agency action is taken and the date of 9 publication of a notice that the environmental docu-10 ment is final in accordance with NEPA, unless a 11 shorter time is specified in the Federal law pursuant 12 to which judicial review is allowed.

(2) EXPEDITED REVIEW.—A court of competent jurisdiction shall set for expedited consideration any claim arising under Federal law seeking
judicial review of an authorization issued or denied
by a Federal agency, or a State agency acting pursuant to Federal law, for a project.

19 (3) REMANDED ACTIONS.—

20 (A) IN GENERAL.—If a court of competent
21 jurisdiction remands a final Federal agency ac22 tion for a project to the Federal agency, the
23 court shall set a reasonable schedule and dead24 line for the agency to act on remand, which
25 shall not exceed 180 days from the date on

2

3

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which the order of the court was issued, unless a longer time period is necessary to comply with applicable law.

4 (B) EXPEDITED TREATMENT OF RE-5 MANDED ACTIONS.—The head of the Federal 6 agency to which a court remands a final Fed-7 eral agency action under subparagraph (A) 8 shall take such actions as may be necessary to 9 provide for the expeditious disposition of the ac-10 tion on remand in accordance with the schedule 11 and deadline set by the court under that sub-12 paragraph.

13 (4) RANDOM ASSIGNMENT OF CASES.—To the 14 maximum extent practicable, district courts of the 15 United States and courts of appeals of the United 16 States shall randomly assign cases seeking judicial 17 review of any authorization issued by a Federal 18 agency for a project to judges appointed, designated, 19 or assigned to sit as judges of the court in a manner 20 to avoid the appearance of favoritism or bias.

21 (5) EFFECT OF SUBSECTION.—Nothing in this
22 subsection—

23 (A) establishes a right to judicial review;
24 or

1	(B) places any limit on filing a claim that
2	a person has violated the terms of an authoriza-
3	tion.
4	(6) TREATMENT OF SUPPLEMENTAL OR RE-
5	VISED ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS.—With respect
6	to a project—
7	(A) the preparation of a supplemental or
8	revised environmental document for the project,
9	when required, shall be considered to be a sepa-
10	rate final agency action for purposes of the
11	deadline under subparagraph (B); and
12	(B) the deadline for filing a claim for judi-
13	cial review of that action shall be the date that
14	is 150 days after the date of publication of a
15	notice in the Federal Register announcing the
16	final agency action, unless a shorter time is
17	specified in the Federal law pursuant to which
18	judicial review is authorized.
19	(1) Improving Transparency in Project Sta-
20	TUS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days
22	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
23	retary concerned shall—
24	(A) use the searchable Internet website
25	maintained under section 41003(b) of the

1	FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m-2(b)) to make
2	publicly available—
3	(i) the status, schedule, and progress
4	of each major project, including a project
5	for which an authorization is being sought
6	or that is subject to an environmental re-
7	view process initiated prior to the date of
8	enactment of this Act, with respect to com-
9	pliance with the applicable requirements of
10	NEPA, any authorization, and any other
11	Indian Tribe, State, or local agency au-
12	thorization required for the major project;
13	and
14	(ii) a list of the participating agencies
15	for each major project; and
16	(B) establish such reporting standards as
17	are necessary to meet the requirements of sub-
18	paragraph (A), which shall include require-
19	ments—
20	(i) to track major projects from initi-
21	ation through the date that final author-
22	izations required to begin construction are
23	issued or the major project is withdrawn;
24	and

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1	(ii) to update the status, schedule,
2	and progress of major projects to reflect
3	any changes to the project status or sched-
4	ule, including changes resulting from liti-
5	gation (including any injunctions, vacatur
6	of authorizations, and timelines for any ad-
7	ditional authorization or environmental re-
8	view process that is required as a result of
9	litigation).
10	(2) Federal, state, and local agency par-
11	TICIPATION.—
12	(A) FEDERAL AGENCIES.—A Federal
13	agency participating in the environmental re-
14	view process or authorization process for a
15	major project shall provide to the Secretary
16	concerned information relating to the status
17	and progress of the authorization of the major
18	project for publication on the Internet website
19	referred to in paragraph $(1)(A)$ , consistent with
20	the standards established under paragraph
21	(1)(B).
22	(B) STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES.—The
23	Secretary concerned shall encourage State and
24	local agencies participating in the environ-
25	mental review process or authorization process

1for a major project to provide information relat-2ing to the status and progress of the authoriza-3tion of the major project for publication on the4Internet website referred to in paragraph5(1)(A).

6 (m) ACCOUNTABILITY AND REPORTING FOR MAJOR
7 PROJECTS.—Each Secretary concerned shall—

8 (1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-9 actment of this Act, establish a performance ac-10 countability system for the agency represented by 11 the Secretary concerned; and

(2) on establishment of the performance accountability system under paragraph (1), and not less frequently than annually thereafter, publish a report describing performance accountability for each major project authorization and review conducted during the preceding year by the agency represented by the Secretary concerned, including—

(A) for each major project for which that
agency serves as a lead agency or a participating agency, the extent to which the agency
is achieving compliance with each schedule established under this section for an authorization, environmental review process, or consultation;

1	(B) for each major project for which that
2	agency serves as a lead agency, information re-
3	garding the average time required to complete
4	each applicable authorization and the environ-
5	mental review process; and
6	(C) for each major project for which that
7	agency serves as a participating agency with ju-
8	risdiction over an authorization, information re-
9	garding the average time required to complete
10	the authorization process.
11	(n) Programmatic Compliance.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned
13	shall allow for the use of programmatic approaches
14	to conduct environmental reviews that—
15	(A) eliminate repetitive discussions of the
16	same issue;
17	(B) focus on the issues ripe for analysis at
18	each level of review; and
19	(C) are consistent with—
20	(i) NEPA; and
21	(ii) other applicable laws.
22	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this sub-
23	section, each lead agency shall ensure that pro-
24	grammatic approaches to conduct environmental re-
25	view processes—

	10
1	(A) promote transparency, including the
2	transparency of—
3	(i) the analyses and data used in the
4	environmental review process;
5	(ii) the treatment of any deferred
6	issues raised by agencies or the public; and
7	(iii) the temporal and spatial scales to
8	be used to analyze issues under clauses (i)
9	and (ii);
10	(B) use accurate and timely information,
11	including through the establishment of—
12	(i) criteria for determining the general
13	duration of the usefulness of the environ-
14	mental review process; and
15	(ii) a timeline for updating any out-of-
16	date environmental review process;
17	(C) describe—
18	(i) the relationship between any pro-
19	grammatic analysis and future tiered anal-
20	ysis; and
21	(ii) the role of the public in the cre-
22	ation of future tiered analyses;
23	(D) are available to other relevant Federal
24	and State agencies, Indian Tribes, Alaska Na-
25	tive Corporations, and the public; and

1(E) provide notice and public comment op-2portunities consistent with applicable require-3ments.

4 (o) DEVELOPMENT OF CATEGORICAL EXCLU-5 sions.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
7 after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less
8 frequently than once every 4 years thereafter, each
9 Secretary concerned, in consultation with the Chair
10 of the Council on Environmental Quality, shall—

(A) in consultation with the other agencies
described in paragraph (2), as applicable, identify each categorical exclusion available to such
an agency that would accelerate delivery of a
project if the categorical exclusion was available
to the Secretary concerned; and

17 (B) collect existing documentation and
18 substantiating information relating to each cat19 egorical exclusion identified under subpara20 graph (A).

21 (2) DESCRIPTION OF AGENCIES.—The agencies
22 referred to in paragraph (1) are—

- 23 (A) the Department of Agriculture;24 (B) the Department of the Army;
- 25 (C) the Department of Commerce;

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1	(D) the Department of Defense;
2	(E) the Department of Energy;
3	(F) the Department of the Interior;
4	(G) the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
5	mission; and
6	(H) any other Federal agency that has
7	participated in an environmental review process
8	for a project, as determined by the Chair of the
9	Council on Environmental Quality.
10	(3) Adoption of categorical exclu-
11	SIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date on
12	which categorical exclusions are identified under
13	paragraph (1)(A), each Secretary concerned shall—
14	(A) determine whether any such categor-
15	ical exclusion meets the applicable criteria for a
16	categorical exclusion under—
17	(i) the NEPA implementing regula-
18	tions; and
19	(ii) any relevant regulations of the
20	agency represented by the Secretary con-
21	cerned; and
22	(B) publish a notice of proposed rule-
23	making to propose the adoption of any identi-
24	fied categorical exclusion that—

1	(i) is applicable to the agency rep-
2	resented by the Secretary concerned; and
3	(ii) meets the applicable criteria de-
4	scribed in subparagraph (A).
5	(p) Additions to Categorical Exclusions.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
7	after the date of enactment of this Act, and not
8	later than 5 years thereafter, each Secretary con-
9	cerned shall—
10	(A) conduct a survey regarding the use by
11	the agency represented by the Secretary con-
12	cerned of categorical exclusions for projects
13	during the 5-year period preceding the date of
14	the survey;
15	(B) publish a review of the survey under
16	subparagraph (A) that includes a description
17	of—
18	(i) the types of actions eligible for
19	each categorical exclusion covered by the
20	survey; and
21	(ii) any requests previously received
22	by the Secretary concerned for new cat-
23	egorical exclusions; and
24	(C) solicit requests for new categorical ex-
25	clusions.

1	(2) New categorical exclusions.—Not
2	later than 120 days after the date of a solicitation
	·
3	of requests under paragraph $(1)(C)$ , the Secretary
4	concerned shall publish a notice of proposed rule-
5	making to propose the adoption of any such new cat-
6	egorical exclusions, to the extent that the categorical
7	exclusions meet the applicable criteria for a categor-
8	ical exclusions under—
9	(A) the NEPA implementing regulations;
10	and
11	(B) any relevant regulations of the agency
12	represented by the Secretary concerned.
13	SEC13. PRIORITIZING ENERGY PROJECTS OF STRA-
13 14	SEC13. PRIORITIZING ENERGY PROJECTS OF STRA- TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.
14	TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.
14 15	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16	TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE. <ul> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:</li> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:</li> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: <ul> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: <ul> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(a)).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: <ul> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(a)).</li> <li>(2) DESIGNATED PROJECT.—The term "des-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: <ul> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(a)).</li> <li>(2) DESIGNATED PROJECT.—The term "designated project" means an energy project of stra-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>TEGIC NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.</li> <li>(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: <ul> <li>(1) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(a)).</li> <li>(2) DESIGNATED PROJECT.—The term "designated project" means an energy project of strategic national importance designated for priority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, the President, in
3	consultation with the Secretary of Energy, the Sec-
4	retary of the Interior, the Administrator of the Envi-
5	ronmental Protection Agency, the Federal Energy
6	Regulatory Commission, and the heads of any other
7	relevant Federal departments or agencies, as deter-
8	mined by the President, shall—
9	(A) designate 25 energy projects of stra-
10	tegic national importance for priority Federal
11	review, in accordance with this section; and
12	(B) publish a list of those designated
13	projects in the Federal Register.
14	(2) UPDATES.—Not later than 180 days after
15	the date on which the President publishes the list
16	under paragraph (1)(B), and every 180 days there-
17	after during the 10-year period beginning on that
18	date, the President shall publish an updated list,
19	which shall—
20	(A) include not less than 25 designated
21	projects; and
22	(B) include each previously designated
23	project until—

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1	(i) a final decision has been issued for
2	each authorization for the designated
3	project; or
4	(ii) the project sponsor withdraws its
5	request for authorization.
6	(3) Project types; first 7 years.—During
7	the 7-year period beginning on the date on which the
8	President publishes the list under paragraph $(1)(B)$ ,
9	of the list of designated projects maintained on an
10	ongoing basis pursuant to this subsection, not fewer
11	than—
12	(A) 5 shall be projects for the mining, ex-
13	traction, beneficiation, or processing of critical
14	minerals—
15	(i) of which not fewer than 3 shall in-
16	clude new mining or extraction of critical
17	minerals; and
18	(ii) for which critical mineral produc-
19	tion may occur as a byproduct;
20	(B) 7 shall be projects—
21	(i) to generate electricity or store en-
22	ergy without the use of fossil fuels; or
23	(ii) to manufacture clean energy
24	equipment;

1	(C) 6 shall be projects to produce, process,
2	transport, or store fossil fuel products, or
3	biofuels, including projects to export or import
4	those products from nations described in sub-
5	section $(c)(3)(A)(vi);$
6	(D) 3 shall be electric transmission
7	projects or projects using grid-enhancing tech-
8	nology;
9	(E) 2 shall be projects to capture, trans-
10	port, or store carbon dioxide, which may include
11	the utilization of captured or displaced carbon
12	dioxide emissions; and
13	(F) 2 shall be a project to produce, trans-
14	port, or store clean hydrogen, including projects
15	to export or import those products from nations
16	described in subsection $(c)(3)(A)(vi)$ .
17	(4) PROJECT TYPES; PHASE-DOWN.—During
18	the 3-year period beginning 7 years after the date on
19	which the President publishes the list under para-
20	graph (1)(B), of the list of designated projects main-
21	tained on an ongoing basis pursuant to this sub-
22	section, not fewer than—
23	(A) 2 shall be projects for the mining, ex-
24	traction, beneficiation, or processing of critical
25	minerals;

1	(B) 3 shall be projects described in para-
2	graph $(3)(B);$
3	(C) 3 shall be projects described in para-
4	graph $(3)(C);$
5	(D) 1 shall be a project described in para-
6	graph $(3)(D);$
7	(E) 1 shall be a project described in para-
8	graph $(3)(E)$ ; and
9	(F) 1 shall be a project described in para-
10	graph $(3)(F)$ .
11	(5) LIST OF PROJECTS MEETING EACH CAT-
12	EGORY THRESHOLD; INSUFFICIENT APPLICA-
13	TIONS.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
15	graph (B), during the 10-year period beginning
16	on the date on which the President publishes
17	the list under paragraph $(1)(B)$ , the President
18	shall maintain a list of designated projects that
19	meet the minimum threshold for the applicable
20	category of projects under each subparagraph
21	of paragraph (3) or (4), as applicable.
22	(B) INSUFFICIENT APPLICATIONS.—If the
23	number of applications submitted that meet the
24	requirements for a designated project for a cat-
25	egory of projects under a subparagraph of para-

1 graph (3) or (4), as applicable, is not sufficient 2 to meet the minimum threshold under that sub-3 paragraph, the President shall designate the 4 maximum number of applications submitted 5 that meet the requirements for a designated 6 project for the applicable category until a suffi-7 cient number of applications meeting the re-8 quirements for a designated project for such 9 category has been submitted.

10 (c) Selection and Priority Requirements.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall carry 12 out subsection (b) based on a review of applications 13 for authorizations or other reviews submitted to the 14 Corps of Engineers, the Department of Defense, the 15 Department of Energy, the Department of the Inte-16 rior, the Environmental Protection Agency, the For-17 est Service, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-18 sion, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Mari-19 time Administration, the Pipeline and Hazardous 20 Materials Safety Administration, and the Federal 21 Permitting Improvement Steering Council.

(2) REQUIREMENT.—The President shall designate under subsection (b) only projects that the
President determines are likely—

1	(A) to require an environmental assess-
2	ment or environmental impact statement under
3	NEPA;
4	(B) to require review by more than 2 Fed-
5	eral or State agencies;
6	(C) to have a total project cost of more
7	than \$250,000,000; and
8	(D) to have sufficient financial support
9	from the project sponsor to ensure project com-
10	pletion.
11	(3) Priority.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—In considering projects
13	to designate under subsection (b), the President
14	shall give priority to projects the completion of
15	which will significantly advance 1 or more of
16	the following objectives:
17	(i) Reducing energy prices in the
18	United States.
19	(ii) Reducing greenhouse gas emis-
20	sions.
21	(iii) Improving electric reliability in
22	North America.
23	(iv) Advancing emerging energy tech-
24	nologies.

1	(v) Improving the domestic supply
2	chains for, and manufacturing of, energy
3	products, energy equipment, and critical
4	minerals.
5	(vi) Increasing energy trade between
6	the United States and—
7	(I) nations that are signatories to
8	free trade agreements with the United
9	States that cover the trade of energy
10	products;
11	(II) members of the North Atlan-
12	tic Treaty Organization;
13	(III) members of the Organiza-
14	tion for Economic Cooperation and
15	Development;
16	(IV) nations with a transmission
17	system operator that is included in
18	the European Network of Trans-
19	mission System Operators for Elec-
20	tricity, including as an observer mem-
21	ber; or
22	(V) any other country designated
23	as an ally or partner nation by the
24	President for purposes of this section.

1	(vii) Reducing the reliance of the
2	United States on the supply chains of for-
3	eign entities of concern (as defined in sec-
4	tion 40207(a) of the Infrastructure Invest-
5	ment and Jobs Act (42 U.S.C. 18741(a))).
6	(viii) To the extent practicable, mini-
7	mizing development impacts through the
8	use of existing—
9	(I) rights-of-way;
10	(II) facilities; or
11	(III) other infrastructure.
12	(ix) Creating jobs—
13	(I) with wages at rates not less
14	than those prevailing on similar
15	projects in the locality, as determined
16	by the Secretary of Labor in accord-
17	ance with subchapter IV of chapter 31
18	of title 40, United States Code (com-
19	monly referred to as the "Davis-
20	Bacon Act"); and
21	(II) with consideration of the
22	magnitude and timing of the direct
23	and indirect employment impacts of
24	carrying out the project.

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1	(B) OTHER PRIORITY.—In considering
2	projects to designate for the category of
3	projects described in subsection $(b)(3)(C)$ , in
4	addition to the priorities specified in subpara-
5	graph (A), the President shall give priority to
6	projects the completion of which will signifi-
7	cantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
8	(d) Reviews of Designated Projects.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall, in con-
10	sultation with the applicable department and agency
11	heads, the Director of the Office of Management and
12	Budget, the Chair of the Council on Environmental
13	Quality, and the Federal Permitting Improvement
14	Steering Council, direct Federal agencies through
15	executive order to prioritize the completion of the
16	environmental review process and decisions on au-
17	thorizations for designated projects.
18	(2) TIMELINES.—To the maximum extent prac-
19	ticable and consistent with applicable Federal law,
20	the President shall complete—
21	(A) the environmental review process—
22	(i) in the case of a designated project
23	for which the lead agency determines an
24	environmental impact statement is re-
25	quired, not later than 2 years after the

1	date of publication by the lead agency of a
2	notice of intent to prepare an environ-
3	mental impact statement to the record of
4	decision; and
5	(ii) in the case of a designated project
6	for which the lead agency determines an
7	environmental assessment is required, not
8	later than 1 year after the date on which
9	the head of the lead agency determines
10	that an environmental assessment is re-
11	quired to a finding of no significant im-
12	pact; and
13	(B) decisions on any outstanding author-
14	ization required for project construction within
15	180 days of the issuance of a record of decision
16	or finding of no significant impact under sub-
17	paragraph (A).
18	(3) STREAMLINING REVIEW PROCESS.—A des-
19	ignated project shall be considered a major project
20	(as defined in section $[ 12(a) ]$ ) subject to
21	the requirements of that section.
22	(e) NEPA.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section su-
24	persedes or modifies any applicable requirement, au-

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thority, or agency responsibility provided under
 NEPA.

3 (2) DESIGNATION OF PROJECTS.—The act of
4 designating a project under subsections (b) and (c)
5 shall not be subject to the National Environmental
6 Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

7 (f) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date 8 of enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, 9 the President shall submit to the Committee on Energy 10 and Natural Resources and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate and the Committee 11 12 on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Natural 13 Resources of the House of Representatives a report de-14 scribing-

(1) each designated project and the basis for
designating that project pursuant to subsection (c);
(2) for each designated project, all outstanding
authorizations, environmental reviews, consultations,
public comment periods, or other Federal, State, or
local reviews required for project completion; and

(3) for each authorization, environmental review, consultation, public comment period, or other
review under paragraph (2)—

24 (A) an estimated completion date; and
25 (B) an explanation of—

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1	(i) any delays meeting the timelines
2	established in this section or in applicable
3	Federal, State, or local law; and
4	(ii) any changes to the date described
5	in subparagraph (A) from a report pre-
6	viously submitted under this subsection.
7	(g) FUNDING.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Out of amounts appro-
9	priated under section 70007 of Public Law 117–169
10	to the Environmental Review Improvement Fund es-
11	tablished under section $41009(d)(1)$ of the FAST
12	Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m–8(d)(1)), $$250,000,000$ shall
13	be used to provide funding to agencies to support
14	more efficient, accurate, and timely reviews of des-
15	ignated projects in accordance with paragraph $(2)$ .
16	(2) Use of funds.—The Federal Permitting
17	Improvement Steering Council shall prescribe the
18	use of funds provided to agencies under paragraph
19	(1), which may include—
20	(A) the hiring and training of personnel;
21	(B) the development of programmatic doc-
22	uments;
23	(C) the procurement of technical or sci-
24	entific services for environmental reviews;

1	(D) the development of data or informa-
2	tion systems;
3	(E) stakeholder and community engage-
4	ment;
5	(F) the purchase of new equipment for
6	analysis; and
7	(G) the development of geographic infor-
8	mation systems and other analytical tools, tech-
9	niques, and guidance to improve agency trans-
10	parency, accountability, and public engagement.
11	(3) LIMITATION.—Of the amounts made avail-
12	able under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, not more
13	than \$1,500,000 shall be allocated to support the re-
14	view of a single designated project.
15	(4) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Funds ap-
16	propriated under this subsection shall be used in ad-
17	dition to existing funding mechanisms, including
18	agency user fees and application fees.
19	SEC14. EMPOWERING THE FEDERAL PERMITTING IM-
20	PROVEMENT STEERING COUNCIL AND IM-
21	PROVING REVIEWS.
22	(a) Definition of Covered Project.—Section
23	41001(6)(A) of the FAST Act (42 U.S.C. $4370m(6)(A)$ )
24	is amended—

1	(1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by insert-
2	ing "critical mineral mining, production,
3	beneficiation, or processing," before "electricity
4	transmission"; and
5	(2) in clause (i), by striking subclause (II) and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(II) is likely to require a total invest-
8	ment of—
9	"(aa) more than \$200,000,000;
10	or
11	"(bb) in the case of a project for
12	the construction, production, trans-
13	portation, storage, or generation of
14	energy, more than \$50,000,000; and".
15	(b) TRANSPARENCY.—Section 41003(b)(2)(A)(iii) of
16	the FAST Act (42 U.S.C. $4370m-2(b)(2)(A)(iii)$ ) is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(III) OUTER CONTINENTAL
19	SHELF LANDS ACT.—The Secretary of
20	the Interior shall create and maintain
21	a specific entry on the Dashboard for
22	the preparation and revision of the oil
23	and gas leasing program required
24	under section 18 of the Outer Conti-

nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1 2 1344). 3 "(IV) ADDITIONAL ENERGY 4 PROJECTS.—The Secretary of the In-5 terior or the Secretary of Energy, as 6 applicable, shall create and maintain a 7 specific entry on the Dashboard for 8 any project that is a designated 9 defined in project (as section 10 [ 13(a)] of the Building Amer-11 ican Energy Security Act of 2022) for 12 which a notice of initiation under sub-13 section (a)(1)(A) has not been sub-14 mitted, unless the project is already 15 included on the Dashboard as a cov-16 ered project.". **15. LITIGATION TRANSPARENCY.** 17 SEC. 18 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 19 (1) COVERED CIVIL ACTION.—The term "cov-20 ered civil action" means a civil action— 21 (A) seeking to compel agency action affect-22 ing a project, as defined under section 23 ſ 12] of this Act; and 24 (B) brought underELT22650 YD2

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1	(i) chapter 7 of title 5, United States
2	Code; or
3	(ii) any other statute authorizing such
4	an action.
5	(2) COVERED CONSENT DECREE.—The term
6	"covered consent decree" means a consent decree
7	entered into in a covered civil action.
8	(3) COVERED CONSENT DECREE OR SETTLE-
9	MENT AGREEMENT.—The term "covered consent de-
10	cree or settlement agreement" means a covered con-
11	sent decree and a covered settlement agreement.
12	(4) Covered settlement agreement.—The
13	term "covered settlement agreement" means a set-
14	tlement agreement entered into in a covered civil ac-
15	tion.
16	(b) TRANSPARENCY.—
17	(1) Pleadings and preliminary matters.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—In any covered civil ac-
19	tion, the agency against which the covered civil
20	action is brought shall publish the notice of in-
21	tent to sue and the complaint in a readily ac-
22	cessible manner, including by making the notice
23	of intent to sue and the complaint available on-
24	line not later than 15 days after receiving serv-

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ice of the notice of intent to sue or complaint, respectively.

(B) ENTRY OF A COVERED CONSENT DE(CREE OR SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.—A party
may not make a motion for entry of a covered
consent decree or to dismiss a civil action pursuant to a covered settlement agreement until
after the requirements of subparagraph (A)
have been met.

10 (2) PUBLICATION OF COVERED CONSENT DE-11 CREES OR SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS; PUBLIC COM-12 MENT.—Not later than 30 days before the date on 13 which a covered consent decree or settlement agree-14 ment is filed with a court, the agency seeking to 15 enter the covered consent decree or settlement agree-16 ment shall—

- 17 (A) publish online the proposed covered18 consent decree or settlement agreement; and
- (B) provide a reasonable opportunity by
  notice in the Federal Register to persons who
  are not named as parties or interveners to the
  covered civil action to comment in writing.

23 (c) CONSIDERATION OF PUBLIC COMMENT.—An
24 agency seeking to enter a covered consent decree or settle25 ment agreement shall promptly consider any written com-

ments received under subsection (b)(2)(B) and may with draw or withhold consent to the proposed consent decree
 or settlement agreement if the comments disclose facts or
 considerations that indicate that the consent is inappro priate, improper, inadequate, or inconsistent with any pro vision of law.

## 7 Subtitle B—Modernizing 8 Permitting Laws

9 SEC. 21. TRANSMISSION.

(a) CONSTRUCTION PERMIT.—Section 216 of the
Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

13 "(b) CONSTRUCTION PERMIT.—Except as provided 14 in subsections (d)(1) and (i), the Commission may, after 15 notice and an opportunity for hearing, issue 1 or more 16 permits for the construction or modification of electric 17 transmission facilities necessary in the national interest if 18 the Commission finds that—

19 "(1)(A) a State in which the transmission fa20 cilities are to be constructed or modified does not
21 have authority to—

22 "(i) approve the siting of the facilities;23 or

24 "(ii) consider the interstate benefits
25 or interregional benefits expected to be

1	achieved by the proposed construction or
2	modification of transmission facilities in
3	the State;
4	"(B) the applicant for a permit is a trans-
5	mitting utility under this Act but does not qual-
6	ify to apply for a permit or siting approval for
7	the proposed project in a State because the ap-
8	plicant does not serve end-use customers in the
9	State; or
10	"(C) a State commission or other entity
11	that has authority to approve the siting of the
12	facilities—
13	"(i) has not made a determination on
14	an application seeking approval pursuant
15	to applicable law by the date that is 1 year
16	after the date on which the application was
17	filed with the State commission or other
18	entity;
19	"(ii) has conditioned its approval in
20	such a manner that the proposed construc-
21	tion or modification will not significantly
22	reduce transmission capacity constraints or
23	congestion in interstate commerce or is not
24	economically feasible; or

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1	"(iii) has denied an application seek-
2	ing approval pursuant to applicable law;
3	((2) the proposed facilities will be used for the
4	transmission of electric energy in interstate (includ-
5	ing transmission from the outer Continental Shelf to
6	a State) or foreign commerce;
7	"(3) the proposed construction or modification
8	is consistent with the public interest;
9	"(4) the proposed construction or modification
10	will—
11	"(A) significantly reduce transmission con-
12	gestion in interstate commerce; and
13	"(B) protect or benefit consumers;
14	((5) the proposed construction or modifica-
15	tion—
16	"(A) is consistent with sound national en-
17	ergy policy; and
18	"(B) will enhance energy independence;
19	and
20	"(6) the proposed modification will maximize,
21	to the extent reasonable and economical, the trans-
22	mission capabilities of existing towers or struc-
23	tures.".

(b) STATE SITING AND CONSULTATION.—Section
 216 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p) is amend ed by striking subsection (d) and inserting the following:
 "(d) STATE SITING AND CONSULTATION.—

5 "(1) PRESERVATION OF STATE SITING AUTHOR-6 ITY.—The Commission shall have no authority to 7 issue a permit under subsection (b) for the construc-8 tion or modification of an electric transmission facil-9 ity within a State except as provided in paragraph 10 (1) of that subsection.

11 "(2) CONSULTATION.—In any proceeding be-12 fore the Commission under subsection (b), the Com-13 mission shall afford each State in which a trans-14 mission facility covered by the permit is or will be 15 located, each affected Federal agency and Indian 16 Tribe, private property owners, and other interested 17 persons a reasonable opportunity to present their 18 views and recommendations with respect to the need 19 for and impact of a facility covered by the permit.". 20 (c) RIGHTS-OF-WAY.—Section 216(e) of the Federal 21 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or a State";and

24 (2) by adding at the end the following:

"(5) Compensation for property taken under
 this subsection shall be determined and awarded by
 the district court of the United States in accordance
 with section 3114(c) of title 40, United States
 Code.".

6 (d) COST ALLOCATION.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 216 of the Federal
8 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p) is amended by striking
9 subsection (f) and inserting the following:

10 "(f) COST ALLOCATION.—

11 "(1) TRANSMISSION TARIFFS.—For the pur-12 poses of this section, any transmitting utility that 13 owns, controls, or operates electric transmission fa-14 cilities that the Commission finds to be consistent 15 with the findings under paragraphs (2) through (5)16 and, if applicable, (6) of subsection (b) shall file a 17 tariff with the Commission in accordance with sec-18 tion 205 and the regulations of the Commission allo-19 cating the costs of the new or modified transmission 20 facilities.

21 "(2) COST ALLOCATION PRINCIPLES.—The
22 Commission shall require that tariffs filed under this
23 subsection fairly reflect and allocate the costs of pro24 viding service to each class of customers, including
25 improved reliability, reduced congestion, reduced

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power losses, greater carrying capacity, reduced op erating reserve requirements, and improved access to
 generation, in accordance with cost allocation prin ciples of the Commission.

5 "(3) COST CAUSATION PRINCIPLE.—The cost of 6 electric transmission facilities described in para-7 graph (1) shall be allocated to customers within the 8 transmission planning region or regions that benefit 9 from the facilities in a manner that is at least 10 roughly commensurate with the estimated benefits 11 described in paragraph (2).".

12 (2) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—If the Federal Energy 13 Regulatory Commission finds that the considerations 14 under paragraphs (2) through (5) and, if applicable, 15 (6) of subsection (b) of section 216 of the Federal 16 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p) (as amended by sub-17 section (a)) are met, nothing in this section or the 18 amendments made by this section shall be construed 19 to exclude transmission facilities located on the outer 20 Continental Shelf from being eligible for cost alloca-21 tion established under subsection (f)(1) of that sec-22 tion (as amended by paragraph (1)).

23 (e) COORDINATION OF FEDERAL AUTHORIZATIONS
24 FOR TRANSMISSION FACILITIES.—Section 216(h) of the
25 Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p(h)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting the following: ", except that—
3	"(A) the Commission shall act as the lead
4	agency in the case of facilities permitted under
5	subsection (b); and
6	"(B) the Department of the Interior shall
7	act as the lead agency in the case of facilities
8	located on a lease, easement, or right-of-way
9	granted by the Secretary of the Interior under
10	section $8(p)(1)(C)$ of the Outer Continental
11	Shelf Lands Act (42 U.S.C. 1337(p)(1)(C)).";
12	(2) in each of paragraphs (3), $(4)(B)$ , $(4)(C)$ ,
13	(5)(B), (6)(A), (7)(A), (7)(B)(i), (8)(A)(i), and (9),
14	by striking "Secretary" each place it appears and in-
15	serting "lead agency";
16	(3) in paragraph (4)(A), by striking "As head
17	of the lead agency, the Secretary" and inserting
18	"The lead agency";
19	(4) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking "As lead
20	agency head, the Secretary" and inserting "The lead
21	agency"; and
22	(5) in paragraph $(7)$ —
23	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "18
24	months after the date of enactment of this sec-
25	tion" and inserting "18 months after the date

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1	of enactment of the Building American Energy
2	Security Act of 2022"; and
3	(B) in subparagraph (B)(i), by striking "1
4	year after the date of enactment of this sec-
5	tion" and inserting "18 months after the date
6	of enactment of the Building American Energy
7	Security Act of 2022".
8	(f) INTERSTATE COMPACTS.—Section 216(i)(4) of
9	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824p(i)(4)) is amended
10	by striking "in disagreement" in the matter preceding
11	subparagraph (A) and all that follows through the period
12	at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting "unable to
13	reach an agreement on an application seeking approval by
14	the date that is 1 year after the date on which the applica-
15	tion for the facility was filed.".
16	(g) Transmission Infrastructure Invest-
17	MENT.—Section 219(b)(4) of the Federal Power Act (16
18	U.S.C. 824s(b)(4)) is amended—
19	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and"
20	after the semicolon at the end;
21	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period
22	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(C) all prudently incurred costs associ-
25	ated with payments to jurisdictions impacted by

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1	electric transmission facilities developed pursu-
2	ant to section 216.".
3	(h) Conforming Amendment.—Section 50151(b)
4	of Public Law 117–169 (42 U.S.C. 18715(b)) is amended
5	by striking "facilities designated by the Secretary to be
6	necessary in the national interest" and inserting "facilities
7	in national interest electric transmission corridors des-
8	ignated by the Secretary".
9	SEC22. DEFINITION OF NATURAL GAS UNDER THE
10	NATURAL GAS ACT.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2 of the Natural Gas Act
12	(15 U.S.C. 717a) is amended by striking paragraph (5)
13	and inserting the following:
14	"(5) 'Natural gas' means—
15	"(A) natural gas unmixed;
16	"(B) any mixture of natural and artificial
17	gas; or
18	"(C) hydrogen mixed or unmixed with nat-
19	ural gas.".
20	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section
21	7(c)(1)(A) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C.
22	717f(c)(1)(A)) is amended, in the first sentence, in the
23	proviso—
24	(1) by inserting "or, in the case of any person
25	

scribed in section 2(5)(C), on the date of enactment
 of the Building American Energy Security Act of
 2022," before "over the route"; and

4 (2) by striking "within ninety days after the ef-5 fective date of this amendatory Act" and inserting "within 90 days after the effective date of this 6 7 amendatory Act, or, in the case of any person en-8 gaged in the transportation of natural gas described 9 in section 2(5)(C), within 90 days after the date of 10 enactment of the Building American Energy Secu-11 rity Act of 2022".

(c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section or an
amendment made by this section authorizes the Federal
Energy Regulatory Commission—

15 (1) to order a natural-gas company under sec-16 tion 7(a) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 17 717f(a)) to extend or modify the transportation fa-18 cilities of the natural-gas company used for natural 19 gas described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 20 2(5) of that Act (15 U.S.C. 717a(5)) to transport 21 natural gas described in subparagraph (C) of that 22 section; or

(2) to attach to a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued under section 7(e) of the
Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(e)) any require-

1	ment that transportation facilities used for natural
2	gas described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section
3	2(5) of that Act (15 U.S.C. 717a(5)) be capable of
4	transporting natural gas described in subparagraph
5	(C) of that section.
6	SEC23. AUTHORIZATION OF MOUNTAIN VALLEY
7	PIPELINE.
8	(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that the timely com-
9	pletion of the construction of the Mountain Valley Pipe-
10	line—
11	(1) is necessary—
12	(A) to ensure an adequate and reliable
13	supply of natural gas to consumers at reason-
14	able prices;
15	(B) to facilitate an orderly transition of
16	the energy industry to cleaner fuels; and
17	(C) to reduce carbon emissions; and
18	(2) is in the national interest.
19	(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to re-
20	quire the appropriate Federal officers and agencies to take
21	all necessary actions to permit the timely completion of
22	the construction and operation of the Mountain Valley
23	Pipeline without further administrative or judicial delay
24	or impediment.
25	(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
3	(2) MOUNTAIN VALLEY PIPELINE.—The term
4	"Mountain Valley Pipeline" means the Mountain
5	Valley Pipeline Project, as generally described and
6	approved in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
7	Docket Nos. CP16–10 and CP19–477.
8	(3) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
9	retary concerned" means, as applicable—
10	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture;
11	(B) the Secretary of the Interior; or
12	(C) the Secretary of the Army.
13	(d) Authorization of Necessary Approvals.—
14	(1) BIOLOGICAL OPINION AND INCIDENTAL
15	TAKE STATEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
16	vision of law, not later than 30 days after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Inte-
18	rior shall issue a biological opinion and incidental
19	take statement for the Mountain Valley Pipeline,
20	substantially in the form of the biological opinion
21	and incidental take statement for the Mountain Val-
22	ley Pipeline issued by the United States Fish and
23	Wildlife Service on September 4, 2020.

1 (2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATIONS.—Notwith-2 standing any other provision of law, not later than 3 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act— 4 (A) the Secretary of the Interior shall issue 5 all rights-of-way, permits, leases, and other au-6 thorizations that are necessary for the construc-7 tion, operation, and maintenance of the Moun-8 tain Valley Pipeline, substantially in the form 9 approved in the record of decision of the Bu-10 reau of Land Management entitled "Mountain 11 Pipeline Valley and Equitrans Expansion 12 Project Decision to Grant Right-of-Way and 13 Temporary Use Permit" and dated January 14, 14 2021;15 (B) the Secretary of Agriculture shall amend the Land and Resource Management 16 17 Plan for the Jefferson National Forest as nec-18 essary to permit the construction, operation, 19 and maintenance of the Mountain Valley Pipe-20 line within the Jefferson National Forest, sub-21 stantially in the form approved in the record of 22 decision of the Forest Service entitled "Record 23 of Decision for the Mountain Valley Pipeline

and Equitrans Expansion Project" and dated

25 January 2021;

1	(C) the Secretary of the Army shall issue
2	all permits and verifications necessary to permit
3	the construction, operation, and maintenance of
4	the Mountain Valley Pipeline across waters of
5	the United States; and
6	(D) the Commission shall—
7	(i) approve any amendments to the
8	certificate of public convenience and neces-
9	sity issued by the Commission on October
10	13, 2017 (161 FERC 61,043); and
11	(ii) grant any extensions necessary to
12	permit the construction, operation, and
13	maintenance of the Mountain Valley Pipe-
14	line.
15	(e) Authority to Modify Prior Decisions or
16	APPROVALS.—In meeting the applicable requirements of
17	subsection (d), a Secretary concerned may modify the ap-
18	plicable prior biological opinion, incidental take statement,
19	right-of-way, amendment, permit, verification, or other au-
20	thorization described in that subsection if the Secretary
21	concerned determines that the modification is necessary—
22	(1) to correct a deficiency in the record; or
23	(2) to protect the public interest or the environ-
24	ment.
25	(f) Relationship to Other Laws.—

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1 (1) DETERMINATION TO ISSUE OR GRANT. 2 The requirements of subsection (d) shall supersede 3 the provisions of any law (including regulations) re-4 lating to an administrative determination as to 5 whether the biological opinion, incidental take state-6 ment, right-of-way, amendment, permit, verification, 7 or other authorization shall be issued for the Moun-8 tain Valley Pipeline. 9 (2) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this sec-10 tion limits the authority of a Secretary concerned or 11 the Commission to administer a right-of-way or en-12 force any permit or other authorization issued under 13 subsection (d) in accordance with applicable laws 14 (including regulations). 15 (g) JUDICIAL REVIEW.— 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—The actions of the Secre-17 taries concerned and the Commission pursuant to 18 subsection (d) that are necessary for the construc-19 tion and initial operation at full capacity of the 20 Mountain Valley Pipeline shall not be subject to ju-21 dicial review. 22 (2) OTHER ACTIONS.—The United States Court

of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
have original and exclusive jurisdiction over—

25 (A) any claim alleging—

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(i) the invalidity of this section; or
 (ii) that an action is beyond the scope
 of authority conferred by this section; and
 (B) any claim relating to any action taken
 by a Secretary concerned or the Commission re lating to the Mountain Valley Pipeline other
 than an action described in paragraph (1).

## 8 SEC. 24. RIGHTS-OF-WAY ACROSS INDIAN LAND.

9 The first section of the Act of February 5, 1948 (62) 10 Stat. 17, chapter 45; 25 U.S.C. 323) is amended by adding at the end the following: "Any right-of-way granted 11 by an Indian tribe for the purposes authorized under this 12 13 section shall not require the approval of the Secretary of 14 the Interior, on the condition that the right-of-way ap-15 proval process by the Indian tribe substantially complies with subsection (h) of the first section of the Act of Au-16 17 gust 9, 1955 (69 Stat. 539, chapter 615; 25 U.S.C. 18 415(h)) or the Indian tribe has approved regulations 19 under paragraph (1) of that subsection.".

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 SEC. \_\_\_\_\_25. FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMIS 

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 SION STAFFING.

(a) CONSULTATION DEADLINE.—Section 401(k)(6)
of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C.
7171(k)(6)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "The Chairman" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Chairman"; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(B) DEADLINE.—The requirement under
6	subparagraph (A) shall be considered met if the
7	Director of the Office of Personnel Management
8	has not taken final action on a plan for apply-
9	ing authorities under this subsection within 120
10	days of submission of the plan by the Chairman
11	to the Director of the Office of Personnel Man-
12	agement.".
13	(b) Elimination of Reporting Sunset.—Section
14	11004(b)(1) of the Energy Act of 2020 (42 U.S.C. 7171
15	note; Public Law 116–260) is amended by striking "there-
16	after for 10 years," and inserting "thereafter,".